Marico Bangladesh Limited

Independent Auditor's Report and Audited Financial Statements

As at and for the Six-month period ended 30 September 2024

Chartered Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT To the Shareholders of Marico Bangladesh Limited Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Marico Bangladesh Limited ("the Company" or "Marico") which comprise the statement of financial position as at 30 September 2024, and the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the period from 01 July 2024 to 30 September 2024 then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as at 30 September 2024, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for three-month period then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs).

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code), and Bangladesh Securities and Exchange Commission (BSEC), and we have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities in accordance with the IESBA Code and the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Bangladesh (ICAB) Bye Laws. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. Key audit matters for the audit of financial statements are as under:

Key audit areas	Our responses
Revenue recognition	•
At the period ended 30 September 2024, the Company reported revenue of approximately Tk 4,048 million in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive	We have tested the design and operating effectiveness of key controls focusing on the following:
income. Revenue is recognized when the performance obligation is satisfied by transferring goods or services to a customer, either at a point in time or over time. Goods or services are "transferred" when the customer obtains control of it. It is a matter of consideration whether revenue may be misstated due to recognition of sales	of trade in place; • Authorization of credit terms to customers:

transaction before performance obligation being satisfied.

Furthermore, revenue is measured at net of trade discounts, returns and allowances. Within a number of the business categories, the estimation of discount recognized based on sales made during the year is material and considered to be complex and judgmental. Therefore, it is a matter of concern that revenue may be misstated as a result of faulty estimations over discounts.

Calculation of discounts.

Our substantive procedures in relation to the revenue recognition comprise the followings:

- Observing and evaluating whether proper segregation of duties put in place;
- Examining samples of sales orders for evidence by the appropriate personnel concerned and application controls for credit limits;
- Comparing prices and terms on samples of sales invoices to the authorized price list and terms of trade and also, examining application controls for authorized prices and terms;
- Obtaining supporting documentation for sales transactions recorded on either side of the period end as well as credit notes issued after the period end date to determine whether revenue was recognized in the correct period;
- Assessing the appropriateness of the Company's revenue recognition accounting policies, including those relating to discounts by comparing with applicable accounting standard;
- Testing the effectiveness of the Company's controls over the calculation of discounts and appropriate timing of revenue recognition;
- Critically assessing manual journals made to revenue to identify unusual or irregular items; and
- Finally, assessing the appropriateness and presentation of disclosures as per the relevant accounting standards.

Our testing did not identify any issues with regard to revenue.

Refer to the note no. 21 to the financial statements

Contingent Liabilities

The Company had contingent liabilities of approximately Tk 1,077 million as of the reporting date of 30 September 2024 in respect of indirect tax (VAT) and Workers' Profit Participation and Welfare Fund. In this connection, the Company submitted the Writ

In view of the significance of the matter we applied the following audit procedures in this area, among others to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence:



petition to the Hon'ble High Court and the decision of the High Court is currently pending. In this regard, the external legal advisors (litigation lawyers) of the Company opined that the overall outcome of liabilities of the Company was not possible to determine until final order by the Court is received. However, the lawyers are optimistic of positive outcome related to these matters in favour of the Company.

In this respect, a significant management's judgement is required in order for assessing the level of provision, and determining the most likely cash outflows from the Company associated with these matters. Therefore, it has been considered as a key audit area.

- Obtaining the lists of all ongoing VAT and WPPF related litigations;
- Discussing with the jurisdictions as to said matters;
- Evaluating management's judgement regarding the expected resolution of these matters;
- Obtaining confirmations from external legal advisors of the Company;
- Analyzing of responses in letters independently obtained from the external advisors of the Company on various matters; and
- Obtaining and reading the disclosures made in the accompanying financial statements.

Our testing did not identify any issues with regard to contingent liabilities.

Refer to the note no. 32 to the financial statements

Responsibilities of Management and those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements and Internal Controls

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs); the Companies Act, 1994; the Securities and Exchange Rules, 2020 and other applicable laws and regulations in Bangladesh and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISA will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in

the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISA, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the
 disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events
 in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with the Companies Act, 1994 and the Securities and Exchange Rules, 2020 and relevant notifications issued by Bangladesh Securities and Exchange Commission, we also report that:

- a) We have obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit and made due verification thereof;
- b) In our opinion, proper books of accounts as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appeared from our examination of these books;
- c) The statements of financial position and statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income along with the annexed notes 1 to 36 dealt with by the report are in agreement with the books of account; and
- d) The expenditure incurred was for the purposes of the Company's business.

Partner

Sk Md Tarikul Islam, FCA

Enrolment No.: 1238

Hoda Vasi Chowdhury & Co

Chartered Accountants

Dhaka,

2 & OCT 2024

Marico Bangladesh Limited Statement of financial position As at 30 September 2024

		As	at
		30 September 2024	31 March 2024
	Notes	BDT	BDT
Assets	/ 12/1/20/1/20/1/2 /		
Non Current Assets			
Property, plant and equipment	8A	1,352,698,758	1,414,648,907
Investment property	8B	-	1,319,156
Intangible assets	9	216,915	242,273
Right-of-use assets	10	344,938,578	345,911,409
Advances, deposits and prepayments	11	9,246,878	54,495,117
Other financial assets	12	8,273,391	7,355,019
Deferred tax asset	29.1	83,224,128	68,821,750
Total Non Current Assets		1,798,598,648	1,892,793,631
Current Assets			
Inventories	13	2 021 720 120	2 251 467 544
Advances, deposits and prepayments	13 11	2,821,738,128	3,351,467,544
Other financial assets	12	1,133,859,515	756,713,830
Cash and cash equivalents	14	5,908,148,209	9,018,705,412
Total Current Assets	14	1,467,223,508	1,887,129,573 15,014,016,359
Total Cultent Assets		11,550,505,501	15,014,010,559
Total Assets	1	13,129,568,009	16,906,809,990
Equity			
Share capital	15	315,000,000	315,000,000
Share premium	15.1	252,000,000	252,000,000
Retained earnings	13.1	7,054,191,263	7,643,067,522
Total Equity	,	7,621,191,263	8,210,067,522
Liabilities	,	7,021,171,203	0,210,007,522
AND COMPANY OF THE PARTY OF THE			
Non Current Liabilities			
Lease liabilities	17	145,161,484	151,868,409
Employee benefit obligation	16	27,877,621	23,741,889
Total Non Current Liabilities		173,039,105	175,610,298
Current Liabilities			
Trade and other payable	18	4,092,093,457	7,168,202,840
Lease liabilities	17	59,824,551	38,871,187
Employee benefit obligation	16	32,728,585	21,619,307
Loans and borrowings		π	450,000,000
Current tax liabilities	20	1,146,028,785	834,612,174
Unclaimed dividend	19	4,662,264	7,826,662
Total Current Liabilities		5,335,337,641	8,521,132,170
Total Liabilities		5,508,376,746	8,696,742,468
Total Equity and Liabilities	112	13,129,568,009	16,906,809,990

Footnotes: 1. Independent auditor's report in page 1 to 5.

2. The notes 1 to 36 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Sumitava Basu Managing Director

Shafiq Musharrof Chief Financial Officer

Md. Shahinul Islam Company secretary

Parveen Mahmud

Director

Sk Md Tarikul Islam, FCA

Partner

Membership No: 1238 Hoda Vasi Chowdhury & Co Chartered Accountants

Dhaka, 26 OCT 2024

Marico Bangladesh Limited Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income For the Six-month period ended 30 September 2024

		For the six-mont	h period ended	For the three-mon	th period ended
		30 September 2024	30 September 2023	30 September 2024	30 September 2023
	Notes	BDT	BDT	BDT	BDT
Revenue	21	8,407,684,436	7,717,656,893	4,048,141,210	3,755,515,396
Cost of sales	22	(3,316,801,071)	(3,271,128,954)	(1,628,800,035)	(1,615,683,714)
Gross profit	0.5	5,090,883,365	4,446,527,939	2,419,341,175	2,139,831,682
Other income	25.1	18,899,505	20,449,820	9,212,071	11,307,996
General and administrative expenses	23	(697,216,098)	(624,860,372)	(366,865,538)	(327,687,985)
Marketing, selling and distribution expenses	24	(599,656,053)	(528,776,573)	(306,597,984)	(251,505,823)
Other expense	25.2	(354,858)	(70,575)	(282,613)	(70,575)
Operating profit	-	3,812,555,861	3,313,270,239	1,754,807,111	1,571,875,295
Finance income	26.1	431,694,953	218,776,590	187,740,318	121,393,129
Finance costs	26.2	73,851,970	(163,273,828)	40,517,490	(98,640,960)
Net finance income		505,546,924	55,502,762	228,257,808	22,752,169
Profit before contribution to workers participa	ation fund			1 - 127 - 100 - 10	
and welfare fund		4,318,102,785	3,368,773,001	1,983,064,919	1,594,627,464
Contribution to workers participation fund & welfare fund	27	(215,905,139)	(168,438,648)	(99,153,246)	(79,731,371)
Profit before tax		4,102,197,646	3,200,334,353	1,883,911,673	1,514,896,093
Income tax expenses	29	(911,073,904)	(702,642,857)	(418,499,550)	(345,951,500)
Profit for the Year		3,191,123,741	2,497,691,496	1,465,412,124	1,168,944,593
Other comprehensive income					
Remeasurements of defined benefit liability	2			-	-
Total comprehensive income for the Year	-	3,191,123,741	2,497,691,496	1,465,412,124	1,168,944,593
Earnings per share		ВОТ	ВОТ	BDT	BDT
Basic earnings per share (per value of Tk 10)	28	101.31	79.29	46.52	37.11
	-				

Footnotes: 1. Independent auditor's report in page 1 to 5.

2. The notes 1 to 36 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Sumitava Basu Managing Director Shafiq Musharrof Chief Financial Officer Md. Shahinul Islam Company secretary Parveen Mahmud Director

Sk Md Tarikul Islam, FCA

Partner

Membership No: 1238 Hoda Vasi Chowdhury & Co Chartered Accountants

Dhaka,

2 5 OCT 2024

Marico Bangladesh Limited Statement of changes in equity For the Six-month period ended 30 September 2024

		Attributable to owner	ers of the Company	
	Share capital	Share premium	Retained earnings	Total
	BDT	BDT	BDT	BDT
Balance at 1 April 2024	315,000,000	252,000,000	7,643,067,522	8,210,067,522
Total comprehensive income for the year				
Profit for the year	(* 3	.=:	3,191,123,741	3,191,123,741
Other comprehensive income	<u> </u>	_		
Total comprehensive income for the year	=:	-	3,191,123,741	3,191,123,741
Transactions with owners of the Company				
Contributions and distributions			~	
Final dividend for the year 2023-2024			(630,000,000)	(630,000,000)
First interim for the year 2024-2025			(3,150,000,000)	(3,150,000,000)
Total transactions with owners of the Company	_	-	(3,780,000,000)	(3,780,000,000)
Balance at 30 September 2024	315,000,000	252,000,000	7,054,191,263	7,621,191,263
Balance at 1 April 2023	315,000,000	252,000,000	3,019,315,643	3,586,315,643
Total comprehensive income for the year				
Profit for the year	Nº	9	2,497,691,496	2,497,691,496
Other comprehensive income	·	_		-,,,,
Total comprehensive income for the year	•	-	2,497,691,496	2,497,691,496
Transactions with owners of the Company				
Contributions and distributions				
Total transactions with owners of the Company		_	_	72
Balance at 30 September 2023	315,000,000	252,000,000	5,517,007,139	6,084,007,139

Footnotes:

1. Independent auditor's report in page 1 to 5.

2. The notes 1 to 36 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Marico Bangladesh Limited Statement of cash flows For the Six-month period ended 30 September 2024

Cash flows from operating activities 8,356,243,199 7,550,591,709 Payment to suppliers and for operating expenses (7,340,597,403) 3,986,437,339) Cash generated from operating activities (7,340,597,403) 3,986,437,339) Interest paid (54,273,762) (52,973,177) Interest paid (54,273,762) (52,973,177) Income tax paid (614,055,66) 160,608,09,633 Net cash from operating activities 330,323,218 3,004,055,359 Cash flows from investing activities (64,744,902) (122,045,803) Acquisition of property, plant and equipment (64,744,902) 3,518,100 Proceeds from disposal of PPE (121,592) 3,518,100 Enashment of/(Investment in) fixed deposits 3,071,838,261 (1,654,604,892) Net cash used in investing activities 450,000,000 (1,173,132,595) Proceeds from financing activities (450,000,000) (1,132,150,000) Payment of lease liability (27,446,200) (38,960,605) Net cash used in financing activities (425,7446,199) (1,171,110,604) Payment of lease liability (27,446,201)		For the six-mo	nth period ended
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Collection from customers and others 8,356,243,199 7,550,591,709 Payment to suppliers and for operating expenses (7,340,597,403) (3,986,437,339) Cash generated from operating activities 1,015,645,796 3,564,154,370 Interest paid (54,273,762) (52,973,177) Interest received 483,010,853 153,765,128 Income tax paid (614,059,669) (660,890,963) Net cash from operating activities 830,323,218 3,004,055,359 Cash flows from investing activities 464,744,902 (122,045,803) Acquisition of property, plant and equipment (64,744,902) (3,251,8100) Proceeds from disposal of PPE (121,592) 3,518,100 Encashment of/(Investment in) fixed deposits 3,071,838,261 (1,654,604,892) Net cash used in investing activities 3,006,971,767 (1,773,132,595) Cash flows from financing activities (450,000,000) (1,173,132,500,00) Power of the case liability (27,446,200) (38,960,605) Net are proceeds from loans and borrowings (40,257,446,199) (1,171,110,604) Payment of lease liability (BDT	BDT
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Cash generated from operating activities 1,015,645,796 3,564,154,370 Interest paid (54,273,762) (52,973,177) Interest received 483,010,853 153,765,128 Income tax paid (614,059,669) (660,890,963) Net cash from operating activities 830,323,218 3,004,055,359 Cash flows from investing activities Acquisition of property, plant and equipment (64,744,902) (122,045,803) Proceeds from disposal of PPE (121,592) 3,518,100 Encashment of/(Investment in) fixed deposits 3,071,838,261 (1,654,604,892) Net cash used in investing activities 3,006,971,767 (1,773,132,595) Cash flows from financing activities Net proceeds from loans and borrowings (450,000,000) (1,132,150,000) Payment of lease liability (27,446,200) (38,960,605) Net cash used in financing activities (420,151,214) 59,812,158 Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash held 245,150 1,182,125 Opening cash and cash equivalents 1,887,129,573 2,228,805,865	Payment to suppliers and for operating expenses		Charles Control of the Control of th
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Income tax paid (614,059,669) (660,890,963) Net cash from operating activities 830,323,218 3,004,055,359 Cash flows from investing activities (64,744,902) (122,045,803) Acquisition of property, plant and equipment (64,744,902) 3,518,100 Proceeds from disposal of PPE (121,592) 3,518,100 Encashment of/(Investment in) fixed deposits 3,01,838,261 (1,654,604,892) Net cash used in investing activities 3,006,971,767 (1,773,132,595) Cash flows from financing activities (450,000,000) (1,132,150,000) Dividend paid (3,780,000,000) (1,132,150,000) Payment of lease liability (27,446,200) (38,960,605) Net cash used in financing activities (4,257,446,199) (1,171,110,604) Net increase in cash and cash equivalents (420,151,214) 59,812,158 Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash held 245,150 1,182,125 Opening cash and cash equivalents 1,887,129,573 2,228,805,865	Interest received		
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Acquisition of property, plant and equipment (64,744,902) (122,045,803) Proceeds from disposal of PPE (121,592) 3,518,100 Encashment of/(Investment in) fixed deposits 3,071,838,261 (1,654,604,892) Net cash used in investing activities 3,006,971,767 (1,773,132,595) Cash flows from financing activities (450,000,000) - Net proceeds from loans and borrowings (450,000,000) (1,132,150,000) Payment of lease liability (27,446,200) (38,960,605) Net cash used in financing activities (4,257,446,199) (1,171,110,604) Net increase in cash and cash equivalents (420,151,214) 59,812,158 Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash held 245,150 1,182,125 Opening cash and cash equivalents 1,887,129,573 2,228,805,865	Net cash from operating activities	830,323,218	
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment (64,744,902) (122,045,803) Proceeds from disposal of PPE (121,592) 3,518,100 Encashment of/(Investment in) fixed deposits 3,071,838,261 (1,654,604,892) Net cash used in investing activities 3,006,971,767 (1,773,132,595) Cash flows from financing activities (450,000,000) - Net proceeds from loans and borrowings (450,000,000) (1,132,150,000) Payment of lease liability (27,446,200) (38,960,605) Net cash used in financing activities (4,257,446,199) (1,171,110,604) Net increase in cash and cash equivalents (420,151,214) 59,812,158 Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash held 245,150 1,182,125 Opening cash and cash equivalents 1,887,129,573 2,228,805,865	Cash flows from investing activities		
Proceeds from disposal of PPE (121,592) 3,518,100 Encashment of/(Investment in) fixed deposits 3,071,838,261 (1,654,604,892) Net cash used in investing activities 3,006,971,767 (1,773,132,595) Cash flows from financing activities (450,000,000) - Net proceeds from loans and borrowings (450,000,000) (1,132,150,000) Payment of lease liability (27,446,200) (38,960,605) Net cash used in financing activities (4,257,446,199) (1,171,110,604) Net increase in cash and cash equivalents (420,151,214) 59,812,158 Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash held 245,150 1,182,125 Opening cash and cash equivalents 1,887,129,573 2,228,805,865	Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(64,744,902)	(122.045.803)
Encashment of/(Investment in) fixed deposits 3,071,838,261 (1,654,604,892) Net cash used in investing activities 3,006,971,767 (1,773,132,595) Cash flows from financing activities (450,000,000) - Net proceeds from loans and borrowings (3,780,000,000) (1,132,150,000) Payment of lease liability (27,446,200) (38,960,605) Net cash used in financing activities (4,257,446,199) (1,171,110,604) Net increase in cash and cash equivalents (420,151,214) 59,812,158 Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash held 245,150 1,182,125 Opening cash and cash equivalents 1,887,129,573 2,228,805,865	Proceeds from disposal of PPE		
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Net proceeds from loans and borrowings (450,000,000) - Dividend paid (3,780,000,000) (1,132,150,000) Payment of lease liability (27,446,200) (38,960,605) Net cash used in financing activities (4,257,446,199) (1,171,110,604) Net increase in cash and cash equivalents (420,151,214) 59,812,158 Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash held 245,150 1,182,125 Opening cash and cash equivalents 1,887,129,573 2,228,805,865	Net cash used in investing activities		
Dividend paid (3,780,000,000) (1,132,150,000) Payment of lease liability (27,446,200) (38,960,605) Net cash used in financing activities (4,257,446,199) (1,171,110,604) Net increase in cash and cash equivalents (420,151,214) 59,812,158 Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash held 245,150 1,182,125 Opening cash and cash equivalents 1,887,129,573 2,228,805,865	Cash flows from financing activities		
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Payment of lease liability (27,446,200) (38,960,605) Net cash used in financing activities (4,257,446,199) (1,171,110,604) Net increase in cash and cash equivalents (420,151,214) 59,812,158 Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash held 245,150 1,182,125 Opening cash and cash equivalents 1,887,129,573 2,228,805,865	Dividend paid		
Net cash used in financing activities (4,257,446,199) (1,171,110,604) Net increase in cash and cash equivalents (420,151,214) 59,812,158 Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash held 245,150 1,182,125 Opening cash and cash equivalents 1,887,129,573 2,228,805,865	Payment of lease liability	(27,446,200)	
Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash held 245,150 1,182,125 Opening cash and cash equivalents 1,887,129,573 2,228,805,865	Net cash used in financing activities	(4,257,446,199)	
Opening cash and cash equivalents 1,887,129,573 2,228,805,865	Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	(420,151,214)	59,812,158
Opening cash and cash equivalents 1,887,129,573 2,228,805,865	Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash held	245,150	1,182,125
Clades and and a district of the control of the cont		1,887,129,573	
	Closing cash and cash equivalents	1,467,223,508	2,289,800,147

Footnotes: 1. Effect of the movement in exchange rate changes on Cash and Cash Equivalents has been incorporated and the comparative amount has also been updated accordingly in line with IAS 7.



2. Independent auditor's report in page 1 to 5.



^{3.} The notes 1 to 36 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Marico Bangladesh Limited Notes to the financial statements For the Six-month period ended 30 September 2024

1. Reporting entity

1.1 Company profile

Marico Bangladesh Limited (hereinafter referred to as "MBL"/"the Company") is a public limited company incorporated on 6 September 1999, vide the certificate of incorporation number C-38527(485)/99 of 1999 in Bangladesh under the Companies Act 1994 and has its registered address at House # 01, Road # 01, Sector # 01, Uttara Model Town, Dhaka-1230. The corporate address of the Company is at The Glass House, Level 6-7, Plot 2, Block SE(B), Gulshan 1, Dhaka 1212. The Company was initially registered as a private limited company and subsequently converted into a public limited company on 21 September 2008. The Company was listed with both Dhaka Stock Exchange (DSE) and Chittagong Stock Exchange (CSE) on 16 September 2009.

1.2 Nature of business

The Company is engaged in manufacturing and marketing of consumer products under the brand name of Parachute, Nihar, Saffola, Hair Code, Livon, Parachute Advanced, Beliphool, Ayurvedic Gold, Extra Care, Parachute Body Lotion, Set-Wet, Just for Baby, Beardo, Medicare safelife and Bio Oil in Bangladesh. The Company started its commercial operation on 30 January 2000. Subsequently, it started its commercial production at Filling unit, Crushing unit and Refinery unit in 2002, 2012 & 2017 respectively. Its manufacturing plants are located at Mouchak, Kaliakoir, Gazipur and Shirirchala, Mahona, Bhabanipur, Gazipur. The company has invested to set up a new manufacturing plant in Mirsharai Economic Zone (MEZ) and started its commercial operation from 4th July 2023. The Company sells its products through its own distribution channels comprising of sales depots located in Gazipur, Chittagong, Bogra and Jessore.

2. Basis of preparation

2.1 Statement of compliance

In accordance with the requirement of the gazette notification issued by The Financial Reporting Council (FRC) on 22 November 2020, the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs).

The Company also complied with the requirements of following laws and regulations from various Government bodies:

- i. Bangladesh Securities and Exchange Rules 2020;
- ii. The Companies Act, 1994;
- iii. The Income Tax Act, 2023; and
- iv. The Value Added Tax and Supplementary Duty Act, 2012;

The title and format of these financial statements follow the requirements of IFRSs which are to some extent different from the requirement of the Companies Act, 1994. However, such differences are not material and in the view of management, IFRS format gives a better presentation to the shareholders.

Details of the Company's accounting policies including changes during the period, if any, are included in note 7.

2.2 Authorisation for issue

These financial statements are authorised for issue by the Board of Directors in its 130th Board of Directors meeting held on 26th September, 2024.

2.3 Reporting period

The financial period of the Company covers period ended 30 September 2024.

2.4 Comparative and reclassification

Comparative information has been disclosed for all numerical, narrative and descriptive information where it is relevant for understanding of the current year financial statements. Comparative figures have been rearranged/reclassified wherever considered necessary, to ensure better comparability with the current year financial statements and to comply with relevant IFRSs.

3. Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Bangladeshi Taka (Taka/TK/BDT) which is the Company's functional and presentation currency. All amounts have been rounded off to the nearest integer.

Use of judgements and estimates

In preparing these financial statements, management has made judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to estimates are recognised prospectively.

(a) Judgements

Information about judgements related to lessee accounting under IFRS 16 made in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effects on the amounts recognised in the financial statements is described in note 7.04 & 7.17.

Assumptions and estimation uncertainties

Information about assumptions and estimation uncertainties at 30 September 2024 that have a significant risk of resulting in a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the next twelve month period is included in the following notes:

Note 8A	Property, plant and equipment
Note 9	Intangible assets
Note 10	Right-of-use assets
Note 13	Inventories
Note 16	Employee benefit obligation
Note 17	Lease liabilities
Note 20	Current tax liabilities
Note 29.1	Deferred tax
Note 32	Contingent liabilities .

Contingent liabilities

5. Basis of measurement

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared on historical cost basis except for net defined benefit (asset)/liability for which the measurement basis is the fair value of plan assets less the present value of the defined benefit obligation, as explained in note 7.11.

6. Standards issued but not yet effective

A number of new standards are effective for annual periods beginning after 1 April 2020 and earlier application is permitted; however, the Company has not early adopted the new or amended standards in preparing these financial statements.

The following amended standards and interpretations are effective form 1 April 2020.

- Amendments To References To Conceptual Framework in IFRS Standards.
- IFRS 17 Insurance Contracts.
- Definition of Material (Amendments to IAS 1 and IAS 8)

7. Significant accounting policies

The Company has consistently (otherwise as stated) applied the following accounting policies to all periods presented in these financial statements.

Note	Particulars
7.01	Foreign currency transactions
7.02	Property, plant and equipment
7.03	Intangible assets
7.04	Right of use assets
7.05	Investment Property
7.06	Inventories
7.07	Cash and cash equivalents
7.08	Financial instruments
7.09	Share capital
7.10	Dividend to the equity holders
7.11	Employee benefits
7.12	Accruals
7.13	Provisions
7.14	Income tax
7.15	Revenue
7.16	Finance income and finance cost
7.17	Lease liabilities
7.18	Impairment
7.19	Contingencies
7.20	Earnings per share
7.21	Events after the reporting period

7.01 Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated to the functional currency (BDT) at exchange rates at the dates of transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at reporting date are re-translated into (BDT) at the exchange rates ruling at the statement of financial position date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies, stated at historical cost, are translated into (BDT) at the exchange rate ruling at the date of transaction. Foreign exchange differences arising on translation are recognised in profit or loss.

7.02 Property, plant and equipment

i) Recognition and measurement

Property, plant and equipment (PPE) is recognised as an asset if it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the asset will flow to the entity and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the assets, bringing the assets to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Parts of an item of property, plant and equipment having different useful lives, are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

ii) Subsequent cost

Subsequent cost of an item of property, plant and equipment is capitalised only if it is probable that future economic benefits embodied within the item will flow to the Company and its costs can be measured reliably. The costs of the day-to-day servicing of property, plant and equipment are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

iii) Depreciation

No depreciation is charged on land and asset under construction (AuC) as the land has unlimited useful life and AuC has not yet been placed in service /commissioned.

Other items of property, plant and equipment is depreciated on a straight line basis in profit or loss over the estimated useful lives of each item of property, plant and equipment. Depreciation is based on the cost of an asset less its residual value. Significant components of individual assets are assessed and if a component has a useful life that is different from the remainder of that asset, that component is depreciated separately. Depreciation is charged from the month of acquisition of property, plant and equipment and no depreciation is charged in the month of disposal.

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted if appropriate. The estimated useful lives of the items of property, plant and equipment for the current and comparative year are as follows:

Assets	Depreciation rate
Plant and machinery	5-50%
Buildings	5-33%
Furniture, fixtures and office equipment	10-50%
Computer and IT equipment	20-50%

iv) Derecognition

An asset is derecognised on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use and disposal. Gains or losses arising from the derecognition of an asset are determined as the difference between net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the assets and are recognised in profit or loss.

v) Asset under construction

Asset under construction represents the cost incurred for acquisition and/or construction of items of property, plant and equipment that are not ready for use which is measured at cost. These are transferred to the property, plant and equipment on the completion of the projects.

vi) Capitalisation of borrowing costs

As per the requirements of IAS 23 Borrowing Costs, directly attributable borrowing costs are capitalised during construction period for all qualifying assets. A qualifying asset is an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale. The borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are those borrowing costs that would have been avoided if the expenditure on the qualifying asset had not been made. All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the year in which they are incurred.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

7.03 Intangible assets

i) Recognition and measurement

Intangible assets have finite useful lives and are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and any impairment losses. Intangible assets are recognised in accordance with IAS 38 Intangible assets. Intangible assets include cost of acquisition of computer software, intellectual property, copyright and other costs incidental to such capital expenditure.

ii) Subsequent costs

Subsequent costs are capitalised only when they increase the future economic benefits embodied in the specific asset to which they relate. All other costs are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

iii) Amortisation

Amortisation is recognised in profit or loss on straight line basis over the estimated useful lives of intangible assets from the date they are available for use.

Intangible asset (Computer Software) is amortised at the rate of 20% to 50%.

iv) Derecognition

An intangible asset is derecognised on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of intangible assets, measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the assets, are recognised in profit or loss.

7.04 Right of use assets

The Company recognises a right-of-use asset at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, and subsequently at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liabilities. When a right-of-use asset meets the definition of investment property, it is presented in investment property. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, and depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term, in accordance with the Company's accounting policies.

7.05 Investment Property

Investment property is land or a building (including part of a building) or both that is:

- · held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or both;
- · not owner-occupied:
- · not used in production or supply of goods and services, or for administration; and
- · not held for sale in the ordinary course of business.

Investment property may include investment property that is being redeveloped.

An investment property is measured initially at cost. For subsequent measurement an entity must adopt either the fair value model or the cost model as its accounting policy for all investment properties.

Under the cost model, investment property is measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Fair value is disclosed. Gains and losses on disposal are recognised in profit or loss.

7.06 Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value. The cost of inventories is based on weighted average cost method, and includes expenditure incurred in acquiring the inventories, production or conversion costs, and other costs incurred in bringing them to their existing location and condition. In the case of manufactured inventories and work in progress, cost includes an appropriate share of production overheads based on normal operating capacity. Stores and spares and material in transit are measured at cost.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and selling expenses.

7.07 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash balances and call deposits with maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition that are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in their fair value, and are used by the company in the management of its short term commitments.

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7.08 Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

i. Recognition and initial measurement

Trade receivables and debt securities issued are initially recognised when they are originated. All other financial assets and financial liabilities are initially recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

A financial asset (unless it is a trade receivable without a significant financing component) or financial liability is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at FVTPL, transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue. A trade receivable without a significant financing component is initially measured at the transaction price.

ii. Classification and subsequent measurement

Financial assets - policy applicable from 1 April 2018

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as measured at: amortised cost; FVOCI – debt investment; FVOCI – equity investment; or FVTPL.

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition unless the Company changes its business model for managing financial assets, in which case all affected financial assets are reclassified on the first day of the first reporting period following the change in the business model.

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

A debt investment is measured at FVOCI if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and
- its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the Company may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in OCI. This election is made on an investment-by-investment basis.

All financial assets not classified as measured at amortised cost or FVOCI as described above are measured at FVTPL. This includes all derivative financial assets. On initial recognition, the Company may irrevocably designate a financial asset that otherwise meets the requirements to be measured at amortised cost or at FVOCI as at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

Financial assets - business model assessment: policy applicable from 1 April 2018

The Company makes an assessment of the objective of the business model in which a financial asset is held at a portfolio level because this best reflects the way the business is managed and information is provided to management. The information considered includes:

- the stated policies and objectives for the portfolio and the operation of those policies in practice. These include whether management's strategy focuses on earning contractual interest income, maintaining a particular interest rate profile, matching the duration of the financial assets to the duration of any related liabilities or expected cash outflows or realising cash flows through the sale of the assets;
- how the performance of the portfolio is evaluated and reported to the Company's management; the risks that affect the performance of the business model (and the financial assets held within that business model) and how those risks are managed;
- how managers of the business are compensated e.g. whether compensation is based on the fair value of the assets managed or the contractual cash flows collected; and
- the frequency, volume and timing of sales of financial assets in prior periods, the reasons for such sales and expectations about future sales activity.

Financial assets - subsequent measurement and gains and losses: policy applicable from 1 April 2018

Financial assets at FVTPL	These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Net gains and losses, including any interest or dividend income, are recognised in profit or loss.
Financial assets at amortised cost	These assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The amortised cost is reduced by impairment losses. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognised in profit or loss.
Debt investments at FVOCI	These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Interest income calculated using the effective interest method, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in profit or loss. Other net gains and losses are recognised in OCI. On derecognition, gains and losses accumulated in OCI are reclassified to profit or loss.
Equity investments at FVOCI	These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Dividends are recognised as income in profit or loss unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognised in OCI and are never reclassified to profit or loss.

Financial assets includes cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables and short term investment.

(a) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash balances and all cash deposits with maturities of three months or less that are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in their fair value, and are used by the Company in the management of its short-term commitments.

(b) Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at fair value. Subsequent to initial recognition they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses.

(c) Short-term investment

Short-term investment consists of fixed deposits with original maturity of more than three months. The Company has the positive intent and ability to hold FDR to maturity, and such financial assets are carried as financial assets at amortised cost. Held-to-maturity financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, held-to-maturity financial assets are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses.

iii. Financial liability

All financial liabilities are recognised initially on the transaction date at which the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the liability.

The Company derecognises a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled or expired.

Financial liabilities include trade and other payables etc.

(a) Trade and other payables

The Company recognises trade and intercompany payables when its contractual obligations arising from past events are certain and the settlement of which is expected to result in an outflow from the entity of resources embodying economic benefits.

(b) Loans and borrowings

The Company derecognises loans and borrowings when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled, or expire. The Company also derecognises loans and borrowings when its terms are modified and the cash flows of the modified liability are substantially different, in which case a new financial liability based on the modified terms is recognised at fair value.

7.09 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of ordinary shares, net of any tax effects, are recognised as a deduction from equity.

Paid up capital represents total amount contributed by the shareholders and bonus shares, if any, issued by the Company to the ordinary shareholders. Holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to vote at shareholders' meetings. In the event of a winding up of the Company, ordinary shareholders rank after all other shareholders and creditors and are fully entitled to any residual proceeds of liquidation.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

7.10 Dividend to the equity holders

The Company recognises a liability to make cash dividend when the distribution is authorised and the distribution is no longer at the discretion of the Company. As per the corporate laws in Bangladesh, a distribution is authorised when it is approved by the shareholders. A corresponding amount is recognised directly in equity.

7.11 Employee benefits

i) Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefit obligations are measured on an undiscounted basis and are expensed as the related service is provided. A liability is recognised for the amount expected to be paid under short-term cash bonus if the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee, and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

ii) Defined benefit plan (Gratuity)

The Company operates an unfunded gratuity scheme, provision in respect of which is made annually covering all its eligible employees. This scheme is qualified as defined benefit plan.

The calculation is performed annually by a qualified actuary using the projected unit credit method. When the calculation results in a benefit to the Company, the recognised asset is limited to the total of any unrecognised past service costs and the present value of economic benefits available in the form of any future refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan. When the benefits of the plan are improved, the portion of the increased benefit related to past service by employees is recognised in profit and loss on a straight line basis over the average period until the benefits become vested. To the extent that the benefits vest immediately, the expense is recognised immediately in profit and loss. Remeasurements of the net defined benefit liability, which comprise actuarial gains and losses, are recognised immediately in other comprehensive income. Relevant tax impacts of such remeasurements are also recognised under other comprehensive income.

iii) Leave encashment

The Company operates unfunded leave encashment scheme, i.e. if its employees do not avail leave during his/her service, s/he will be entitled to encash privilege leave at the time of separation from the Company subject to maximum 40 days, at the rate of one month's basic pay for 30 days of privilege leave. This scheme is qualified as other long term employee benefits.

The Company's net obligation in respect of leave encashment scheme is the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior year and the calculation is performed annually by a qualified actuary.

iv) Workers' profit participation and welfare fund

The Company operates fund for workers as workers' profit participation and welfare fund ("the Fund") and provides 5% of its Profit before contribution to workers participation fund and welfare fund as per provision of the Bangladesh Labour Act 2006. The Company recognises the contribution to the fund as short term employee benefits.

The Fund is governed by Bangladesh Labour Act, 2006 as amended up to 28 September 2015 and the trust deed.

7.12 Accruals

Accruals are liabilities to pay for goods or services that have been received or supplied but have not been paid, invoiced or formally agreed with the supplier, including amongst due to employees. Accruals are reported as part of trade and other payables.

7.13 Provisions

A provision is recognised in the statement of financial position when the Company has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate thereof can be made.

Provisions are reviewed at the end of each reporting period and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. If it is no longer probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits are required to settle the obligation, the provisions are reversed.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

7.14 Income tax

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Current tax and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to a business combination, or items recognised directly in equity or in other comprehensive income.

i) Current tax

Current tax is the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years. Provision for corporate income tax is made following the rate applicable for companies as per Finance Act 2023 i.e 22.5%.

ii) Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reverse, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets, and they relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority on the same taxable entity, or on different tax entities, but they intend to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis or their tax assets and liabilities will be realised simultaneously.

A deferred tax asset is recognised for unused tax losses, tax credits and deductible temporary differences, to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

7.15 Revenue

The Company has initially applied IFRS 15 Revenue from contracts with customers from 1 April 2018. The Company recognises as revenue the amount that reflects the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for goods or services when (or as) it transfers control to the customer. To achieve that core principle, IFRS 15 establishes a five-step model as follows:

- · Identify the contract with a customer;
- · Identify the performance obligations in the contract;
- · Determine the transaction price;
- · Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract; and
- Recognise revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation.

Considering the five steps model, the Company recognises revenue when (or as) the Company satisfies a performance obligation by transferring a promised good to a customer. Goods are considered as transferred when (or as) the customer obtains control of that goods. Revenue from sale of goods is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable net of returns and allowances, trade discounts, rebates and Value Added Tax (VAT).

7.16 Finance income and finance cost

i) Finance income

Finance income comprises interest income on funds invested and is recognised as it accrues in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

ii) Finance cost

Finance costs comprise interest expense on borrowings and foreign exchange gain or loss.

Borrowing costs that are not directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

7.17 Lease liabilities

The lease liabilities is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Company's incremental borrowing rate. Generally, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.

The lease liabilities is subsequently increased by the interest cost on the lease liabilities and decreased by lease payment made. It is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, a change in the estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or as appropriate, changes in the assessment of whether a purchase or extension option is reasonably certain to be exercised or a termination option is reasonably certain not to be exercised.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

7.18 Impairment

i. Financial assets

The Company recognises loss allowances for ECLs on:

- financial assets measured at amortised cost;
- debt investments measured at FVOCI; and
- contract assets.

Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortised cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the assets.

The Company measures loss allowances at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs, except for the following, which are measured at 12-month ECLs:

- debt securities that are determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date; and
- other debt securities and bank balances for which credit risk (i.e. the risk of default occurring over the expected life of the financial instrument) has not increased significantly since initial recognition.

Loss allowances for trade receivables and contract assets are always measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs.

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECLs, the Company considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis, based on the Company's historical experience and informed credit assessment and including forward-looking information.

Measurement of ECLs

ECLs are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between the cash flows due to the entity in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Company expects to receive). ECLs are discounted at the effective interest rate of the financial asset.

ii) Non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of the Company's non-financial assets (other than inventories) are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated in order to determine the extent of impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to determine the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the Cash Generating Unit (CGU) to which the asset belongs. An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset or its CGU exceeds its recoverable amount.

The recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or CGU.

Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

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7.19 Contingencies

i) Contingent liability

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company; or a present obligation that arises from past events but is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

Contingent liabilities are not recognised in the statement of financial position of the Company. Moreover, contingencies arising from claims, litigations, assessments, fines, penalties, etc. are recorded when it is probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount can be reasonably estimated.

ii) Contingent asset

Contingent asset is a possible asset that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the entity.

The Company does not recognise contingent asset.

7.20 Earnings per share

The Company presents basic earnings per share (EPS) data for its ordinary shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year. Diluted earnings per share is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding, for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares. However, dilution of EPS is not applicable for these financial statements as there was no dilutive potential ordinary shares during the relevant years.

7.21 Events after the reporting period

Events after statement of financial position date that provide additional information about the Company's position at the statement of financial position date are reflected in the financial statements. Events after statement of financial position date that are non-adjusting events are disclosed in the notes when material.

8. Property, plant and equipment See accounting policy in Note 7.02

A. Reconciliation of Carrying amount

Transfer from asset under construction Balance at 31 March 2024 Balance at 1 April 2024 Balance at 1 April 2023 Disposals Additions Additions

Transfer from asset under construction Disposals Balance at 30 September 2024

Impairment loss (reversal of impairment) of PPE Depreciation for the period Balance at 1 April 2023 Disposals

Balance at 31 March 2024

Impairment loss (reversal of impairment) of PPE Depreciation for the period Balance at 1 April 2024 Disposals

Balance at 30 September 2024 Carrying amounts

At 30 September 2024 At 31 March 2024

B. Investment property
See accounting policy in Note 7.05

Office building
Depreciation for the period ended (Office building)

* Asset category has been reorganised and presented accordingly for both the periods.

Freehold land	Flant and machinery	Buildings	Factory and office Equipment	Computers	Assets under	Total
BDT	BDT	BDT	BDT	BDT	BDT	RDT
176,749,959	1,357,573,619	479,019,795	336,993,608	50.237.160	384 681 835	7 785 255 077
J	(*)	ì			312 225 054	312 225 057
•	192,743,408	370,678,906	73,749,661	12.661.036	(649.833.011)	+00,077,710
	(17,724,833)	(126,275)	(10,432,809)	(4,470,287)	(112)(22)(12)	(30 754 205)
176,749,959	1,532,592,194	849,572,426	400,310,460	58,427,909	47,073,879	3.064.726.826
176,749,959	1,532,592,194	849,572,426	400,310,460	58,427,909	47,073,879	3.064,726,826
	§*	•	٠	,	41,942,128	41.942.128
n .	52,732,647	3,288,024	18,546,799	3,042,500	(77,609,970)	
	(1,103,307)	(360,151)	(10,149,322)	(3,904,103)		(15.516.883)
176,749,959	1,584,221,533	852,500,299	408,707,937	57,566,306	11,406,037	3,091,152,072
	955,724,596	297,638,809	191,325,645	36,122,116	ja	1 480 811 166
	136,038,341	29,848,069	29,242,561	7,741,792	•	202,112,007,1
	(1,565,273)		526,862		1.8.	(1.038.411)
	(17,724,833)	(126,275)	(10,266,316)	(4,448,174)		(32.565.599)
	1,072,472,831	327,360,603	210,828,752	39,415,734		1,650,077,919
ï	1,072,472,831	327,360,603	210,828,752	39,415,734		1.650.077.919
•	65,700,591	18,136,514	15,089,715	4,339,994	٠	103,266,814
8		. .	267,057	ı	(#C)	267,057
•	(1,103,307)	(85,027)	(10,070,869)	(3,899,273)		(15,158,476)
ř	1,137,070,115	345,412,090	216,114,655	39,856,454	145	1,738,453,314
176,749,959	460,119,363	522.211.822	189 481 708	10 017 175	000 000 00	100000000000000000000000000000000000000
176,749,959	447.151.418	507 088 200	107 502 707	671,210,51	41,013,019	1,414,648,907
Contract to the contract to th	OTESTOY LE	607,000,100	787,585,281	17,709,852	11,406,037	1,352,698,758

Tue		2000
100		BUI
140,659,360	0	140,659,360
(140,659,360	(0	(139,340,204)
		1,319,156

		As	at
9.	Intangible assets	30 September	31 March
	San assessation and in Nov. 702	2024	2024
	See accounting policy in Note 7.03	BDT	BDT
	Cost		
	Opening balance	24,413,446	24,413,446
	Additions	24,415,440	24,413,440
	Closing balance	24,413,446	24,413,446
	Accumulated amortization		
	Opening balance	24.151.152	
	Amortization during the period	24,171,173	23,710,959
	Closing balance	25,357	460,214
	Closing Datance	24,196,530	24,171,173
	Carrying amount	216,915	242,273
10.	Right-of-use assets		
	See accounting policy in Note 7.04	As a	t
		30 September	31 March
	D. C.	2024	2024
	Reconciliation of carrying amount	BDT	BDT
	Cost		
	Opening balance	450,087,067	442,009,097
	Additions	32,471,184	169,696,456
	Modification	52,171,104	(3,995,758)
	Disposal		(157,622,728)
	Closing balance	482,558,251	450,087,067
	Accumulated depreciation	-	
	Opening balance	104 175 650	922.5.5
	Addition/ Adjustment	104,175,658	175,097,466
	Disposal	33,444,015	62,229,723
	Closing balance		(133,151,531)
	Strong builder	137,619,673	104,175,658
	Carrying amount	344,938,578	345,911,409

			As:	at
		3/	30 September	31 March
		Notes	2024	2024
			BDT	BDT
11.	Advances, deposits and prepayments		ts.	
			<i>a</i>	
	Advances			
	Advance for capital goods		3,329,290	8,967,568
	Advance to suppliers and others	-	1,098,566,329	765,332,048
		-	1,101,895,620	774,299,616
	Deposits			
	Security deposits		4,284,950	4 100 645
	7	-	4,284,950	4,190,645
		-	4,204,730	4,170,043
	Prepayments			
	Prepaid expenses		36,925,824	32,718,686
		-	36,925,824	32,718,686
		11.1	1,143,106,394	811,208,947
11.1	Current and non-current classification of advances, deposits and prepayments			
	Current		1,133,859,515	756,713,830
	Non-current		9,246,878	54,495,117
		_	1,143,106,394	811,208,947
12.	Other financial assets			
	Treasury Bills	12.2	5,594,160,909	8,665,999,170
	Trade receivables		52,864,390	38,200,323
	Loans to employees		10,334,829	11,060,481
	Accrued interest		259,061,473	310,800,458
		12.1	5,916,421,600	9,026,060,432
12.1	Current and non-current classification of other financial assets			
	Current		5,908,148,209	9,018,705,412
	Non-current		8,273,391	7,355,019
		-	5,916,421,600	9,026,060,432
		-	2,710,121,000	1,020,000,432
				LXV

Treasury Bills (maturity more than three months) Treasury Bills for 364 days 3,230,915,819 4,108,982,896 7 treasury Bills for 182 days 1,352,367,170 3,732,494,073 7 treasury Bill for 182 days 1,501,008,77,920 82,652,201 1,010,877,920 82,652,201 1,010,877,920 82,652,201 1,010,877,920 82,652,201 1,010,877,920 82,665,999,170 1,010,877,920 82,665,999,170 1,010,877,920 82,665,999,170 1,010,877,920 82,665,999,170 1,010,877,920 82,665,999,170 1,010,877,920 1,010,877,920 82,665,999,170 1,010,877,920				As at		
1.2.2 Treasury Bills (maturity more than three months)			Madaa	30 September	31 March	
Treasury Bill for 364 days			ivotes	2024	2024	
Treasury Bill for 364 days Treasury Bill for 182 days Treasury Bill for 182 days Treasury Bill for 91 days Treasury Bill for 182 days Treasury Bays Treasury Treasury Bill for 182 days Treasury Bays Treasury Treasury Bill for 182 days Treasury Bays Treasury Treasury Bays Treasury Treasury Bill for 182 days Treasury Treasury Bays Treasury Treasury Bill for 192 days Treasury Treasury Bill for 192 days Treasury Treasury Bill for 192 days Treasury Treasury Bays Treasury Treasury Bill for 192 days Treasury Treasury Bill for 192 days Treasury Treasury Bays Treasury Treas			-	BDT	BDT	
Treasury Bill for 182 days 1,352,367,170 3,732,494,073 1,010,877,920 824,522,201 1,010,877,920 824,522,201 1,010,877,920 824,522,201 1,010,877,920 824,522,201 1,010,877,920 824,522,201 1,010,877,920 824,522,201 1,010,877,920 824,522,201 1,010,877,920 824,522,201 1,010,877,920 824,522,201 1,010,877,920 824,522,201 1,010,872,120 1,010,872	12.2	Treasury Bills (maturity more than three months)				
Treasury Bill for 182 days		Treasury Bill for 364 days		3,230,915,819	4,108,982,896	
Treasury Bill for 91 days		Treasury Bill for 182 days		1,352,367,170		
13. Inventories See accounting policy in Note 7.06 See accounting policy in Note 7.07 See accounting policy in N		Treasury Bill for 91 days				
		*	-			
Raw materials 2,046,516,971 2,403,080,840 Packing materials 425,185,153 456,399,201 Finished goods 211,677,553 317,102,123 Stores and spares 52,129,531 41,559,539 Materials in transit 86,228,920 133,325,841 14. Cash and cash equivalents 2,821,738,128 3,351,467,544 See accounting policy in Note 7.07 Cash at bank 14.1 1,462,561,244 1,879,302,911 Balance with bank for unclaimed dividend 4,662,264 7,826,662 Cithank N.A. 5,104,648 3,855,666 Islami Bank Bangladesh PLC 1,280,147,864 942,576,882 Citibank N.A. 5,104,648 3,855,666 Islami Bank Bangladesh PLC 1,043 3,855,666 Islami Bank Bangladesh PLC 1,043 33,306 Standard Chartered Bank 25,813,131 185,173,700 The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Ltd. 333,068 338,502 Eastern Bank PLC 83,894 214,726,664 Dutch Bangla Bank PLC 321,570 8,415,000	13.	Inventories				
Packing materials 425,185,153 456,399,201 Finished goods 211,677,553 317,102,123 Stores and spares 52,129,531 41,559,539 Materials in transit 86,228,920 133,325,841 14. Cash and cash equivalents 2,821,738,128 3,351,467,544 See accounting policy in Note 7.07 Cash at bank 14.1 1,462,561,244 1,879,302,911 Balance with bank for unclaimed dividend 4,662,264 7,826,662 Balance with bank for unclaimed dividend 4,662,264 7,826,662 Citibank N.A. 5,104,648 3,855,666 Islami Bank Bangladesh PLC 12,206 317,414 Sonali Bank PLC 12,206 317,414 Sonali Bank PLC 12,206 317,419 Standard Chartered Bank 25,813,131 185,173,700 The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Ltd. 330,368 338,502 Eastern Bank PLC 33,394 214,726,664 Dutch Bangla Bank PLC 321,570 8,415,000 The City Bank PLC 9,615 1,508,099		See accounting policy in Note 7.06				
Finished goods Stores and spares Stores and spares Materials in transit Acade and cash equivalents See accounting policy in Note 7.07 Cash and cash equivalents Balance with bank for unclaimed dividend Balance with bank for unclaimed dividend Acash at bank BRAC Bank PLC Citibank N.A. Sonali Bank Bangladesh PLC Citibank N.A. Sonali Bank Bangladesh PLC Sonali Bank PLC Citibank N.A. Sonali Bank PLC Citibank N.A. Sonali Bank PLC Citibank N.A. Sonali Bank Bangladesh PLC Sonali Bank PLC Citibank N.A. Sonali Bank PLC Citibank N.A. Sonali Bank PLC Citibank N.A. Sonali Bank PLC Sonali Bank Sonali Ba		Raw materials		2,046,516,971	2,403,080,840	
Stores and spares 52,129,531 41,559,539 Materials in transit 86,228,920 133,325,841 1,282,738,128 2,821,738,128 3,351,467,544 1,879,302,911 1,462,561,244 1,879,302,911 1,462,261,244 1,879,302,911 1,462,261,244 1,879,302,911 1,462,261,244 1,879,302,911 1,462,261,244 1,879,302,911 1,462,261,244 1,879,302,911 1,462,261,244 1,879,302,911 1,462,261,244 1,879,302,911 1,462,261,244 1,879,302,911 1,467,223,508 1,887,129,573 1,467,223,508 1,887,129,573 1,467,223,508 1,887,129,573 1,467,223,508 1,887,129,573 1,467,223,508 1,887,129,573 1,467,223,508 1,467,223,508 1,467,223,508 1,467,223,508 1,467,223,508 1,467,223,508 1,467,223,508 1,473,700 1,473,404 1,47		Packing materials		425,185,153	456,399,201	
Materials in transit 86,228,920 133,325,841 14. Cash and cash equivalents Cash at bank 14.1 1,462,561,244 1,879,302,911 Balance with bank for unclaimed dividend 14.1 1,462,561,244 1,879,302,911 4,662,264 7,826,662 Balance with bank for unclaimed dividend 1,280,147,864 942,576,882 Cash at bank 1,280,147,864 942,576,882 Citibank N.A. 5,104,648 3,855,666 Islami Bank Bangladesh PLC 12,206 317,414 Sonali Bank PLC 1,0,043 330,368 338,502 Eastern Bank PLC 33,393 338,502 Eastern Bank PLC 33,393 3415,000 The City Bank PLC 331,750 8,415,000 The City Bank PLC 9,615 1,508,909 Commercial Bank of Ceylon PLC 40,640,460 301,807,169 State Bank of India 6,107,354 559,079 Bank Alfalah Limited 43,713,380 186,826,664 MIULAND		S		211,677,553	317,102,123	
1. Cash and cash equivalents See accounting policy in Note 7.07 Cash at bank 14.1 1,462,561,244 1,879,302,911 Balance with bank for unclaimed dividend 4,662,264 7,826,662 1,467,223,508 1,887,129,573 14.1 Cash at bank 1,280,147,864 942,576,882 Citibank N.A. 5,104,648 3,855,666 Islami Bank Bangladesh PLC 12,206 317,414 Sonali Bank PLC 12,206 317,414 Sonali Bank PLC 5,813,131 185,173,700 The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Ltd. 330,368 338,502 Eastern Bank PLC 321,570 8,415,000 The City Bank PLC 9,615 1,508,909 Commercial Bank of Ceylon PLC 40,640,460 301,807,169 State Bank of India 6,107,354 559,079 Bank Alfalah Limited 43,713,380 186,826,664 MIDLAND Bank 1,049,722 - Dhaka bank PLC 59,227,030 33,186,986 Cash at bank PLC 59,227,030 33,186,986 Cash at bank of India 1,049,722 - Dhaka bank PLC 59,227,030 33,186,986 Cash at bank of India 1,049,722 - Dhaka bank PLC 59,227,030 33,186,986 Cash at bank of India 1,049,722 - Dhaka bank PLC 59,227,030 33,186,986 Cash at bank of India 1,049,722 - Dhaka bank PLC 59,227,030 33,186,986 Cash at bank of India 1,049,722 - Dhaka bank PLC 59,227,030 33,186,986 Cash at bank of India 1,049,722 - Dhaka bank PLC 59,227,030 33,186,986 Cash at bank of India 1,049,722 - Dhaka bank PLC 59,227,030 33,186,986 Cash at bank of India 1,049,722 - Dhaka bank PLC 59,227,030 33,186,986 Cash at bank of India 1,049,722 - Dhaka bank PLC 59,227,030 33,186,986 Cash at bank of India 1,049,722 - Dhaka bank PLC 59,227,030 33,186,986 Cash at bank of India 1,049,722 - Dhaka bank PLC 59,227,030 33,186,986 Cash at bank of India 1,049,722 - Dhaka bank PLC 59,227,030 33,186,986 Cash at bank of India 1,049,722 - Dhaka bank PLC 1,280,242 1,280,642 Cash at bank of India 1,449,722 -		Stores and spares		52,129,531	41,559,539	
14. Cash and cash equivalents Cash at bank 14.1 1,462,561,244 1,879,302,911 Balance with bank for unclaimed dividend 4,662,264 7,826,662 14.1 Cash at bank 1,280,147,864 942,576,882 Citibank N.A. 5,104,648 3,855,666 Islami Bank Bangladesh PLC 12,206 317,414 Sonali Bank PLC 12,206 317,414 Sonali Bank PLC 10,043 Standard Chartered Bank 25,813,131 185,173,700 The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Ltd. 330,368 338,502 Eastern Bank PLC 83,894 214,726,664 Dutch Bangla Bank PLC 321,570 8,415,000 The City Bank PLC 9,615 1,508,909 Commercial Bank of Ceylon PLC 40,640,460 301,807,169 State Bank of India 6,107,354 559,079 Bank Alfalah Limited 43,713,380 186,826,664 MIDLAND Bank 1,049,722 - Dhaka bank PLC 59,227,030 33,186,986		Materials in transit	25	86,228,920	133,325,841	
See accounting policy in Note 7.07 Cash at bank Balance with bank for unclaimed dividend 14.1 1,462,561,244 4,662,264 7,826,662 1,879,302,911 4,662,264 7,826,662 14.1 Cash at bank 1,467,223,508 1,887,129,573 BRAC Bank PLC 1,280,147,864 942,576,882 (2016) 942,576,882 (2016) Citibank N.A. 5,104,648 3,855,666 (2016) 317,414 (20				2,821,738,128	3,351,467,544	
Balance with bank for unclaimed dividend 4,662,264 7,826,662 1,467,223,508 1,887,129,573 14.1 Cash at bank BRAC Bank PLC 1,280,147,864 942,576,882 Citibank N.A. 5,104,648 3,855,666 Islami Bank Bangladesh PLC 12,206 317,414 Sonali Bank PLC 12,206 317,414 Sonali Bank PLC 10,043 Standard Chartered Bank 25,813,131 185,173,700 The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Ltd. 330,368 338,502 Eastern Bank PLC 321,570 8,415,000 The City Bang Bank PLC 9,615 1,508,909 Commercial Bank of Ceylon PLC 40,640,460 301,807,169 State Bank of India 6,107,354 559,079 Bank Alfalah Limited 43,713,380 186,826,664 MIDLAND Bank PLC 43,713,380 186,826,664 MIDLAND Bank PLC 59,227,030 33,186,986	14.	Stronger on comment and the performance of the comment of the comm				
14.1 Cash at bank BRAC Bank PLC Citibank N.A. Islami Bank Bangladesh PLC Sonali Bank PLC Standard Chartered Bank Eastern Bank PLC Dutch Bangla Bank PLC Dutch Bangla Bank PLC The City Bank PLC Sommercial Bank of Ceylon PLC State Bank of India State Bank of India Mutual Trust Bank PLC Bunk at bank BRAC Bank PLC Sonali Bank Sonali Banking Corporation Ltd. Sonali Bank Sonali Banking Corporation Ltd. Sonali Bank PLC Sonali Bank Sonali Banking Corporation Ltd. Sonali Bank Sonali Banking Corporation Ltd. Sonali Banking Corpora		Cash at bank	14.1	1,462,561,244	1,879,302,911	
14.1 Cash at bank BRAC Bank PLC 1,280,147,864 942,576,882 Citibank N.A. 5,104,648 3,855,666 Islami Bank Bangladesh PLC 12,206 317,414 Sonali Bank PLC - 10,043 Standard Chartered Bank 25,813,131 185,173,700 The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Ltd. 330,368 338,502 Eastern Bank PLC 83,894 214,726,664 Dutch Bangla Bank PLC 321,570 8,415,000 The City Bank PLC 9,615 1,508,909 Commercial Bank of Ceylon PLC 40,640,460 301,807,169 State Bank of India 6,107,354 559,079 Bank Alfalah Limited - 233 Mutual Trust Bank PLC 43,713,380 186,826,664 MIDLAND Bank 1,049,722 - Dhaka bank PLC 59,227,030 33,186,986		Balance with bank for unclaimed dividend		4,662,264	7,826,662	
BRAC Bank PLC 1,280,147,864 942,576,882 Citibank N.A. 5,104,648 3,855,666 Islami Bank Bangladesh PLC 12,206 317,414 Sonali Bank PLC - 10,043 Standard Chartered Bank 25,813,131 185,173,700 The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Ltd. 330,368 338,502 Eastern Bank PLC 83,894 214,726,664 Dutch Bangla Bank PLC 321,570 8,415,000 The City Bank PLC 9,615 1,508,909 Commercial Bank of Ceylon PLC 40,640,460 301,807,169 State Bank of India 6,107,354 559,079 Bank Alfalah Limited - 233 Mutual Trust Bank PLC 43,713,380 186,826,664 MIDLAND Bank 1,049,722 - Dhaka bank PLC 59,227,030 33,186,986		4		1,467,223,508	1,887,129,573	
Citibank N.A. \$,104,648 3,855,666 Islami Bank Bangladesh PLC 12,206 317,414 Sonali Bank PLC - 10,043 Standard Chartered Bank 25,813,131 185,173,700 The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Ltd. 330,368 338,502 Eastern Bank PLC 83,894 214,726,664 Dutch Bangla Bank PLC 321,570 8,415,000 The City Bank PLC 9,615 1,508,909 Commercial Bank of Ceylon PLC 40,640,460 301,807,169 State Bank of India 6,107,354 559,079 Bank Alfalah Limited - 233 Mutual Trust Bank PLC 43,713,380 186,826,664 MIDLAND Bank 1,049,722 - Dhaka bank PLC 59,227,030 33,186,986	14.1	Cash at bank				
Islami Bank Bangladesh PLC 12,206 317,414 Sonali Bank PLC - 10,043 Standard Chartered Bank 25,813,131 185,173,700 The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Ltd. 330,368 338,502 Eastern Bank PLC 83,894 214,726,664 Dutch Bangla Bank PLC 321,570 8,415,000 The City Bank PLC 9,615 1,508,909 Commercial Bank of Ceylon PLC 40,640,460 301,807,169 State Bank of India 6,107,354 559,079 Bank Alfalah Limited - 233 Mutual Trust Bank PLC 43,713,380 186,826,664 MIDLAND Bank 1,049,722 - Dhaka bank PLC 59,227,030 33,186,986				1,280,147,864	942,576,882	
Sonali Bank PLC - 10,043 Standard Chartered Bank 25,813,131 185,173,700 The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Ltd. 330,368 338,502 Eastern Bank PLC 83,894 214,726,664 Dutch Bangla Bank PLC 321,570 8,415,000 The City Bank PLC 9,615 1,508,909 Commercial Bank of Ceylon PLC 40,640,460 301,807,169 State Bank of India 6,107,354 559,079 Bank Alfalah Limited - 233 Mutual Trust Bank PLC 43,713,380 186,826,664 MIDLAND Bank 1,049,722 - Dhaka bank PLC 59,227,030 33,186,986				5,104,648	3,855,666	
Standard Chartered Bank 25,813,131 185,173,700 The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Ltd. 330,368 338,502 Eastern Bank PLC 83,894 214,726,664 Dutch Bangla Bank PLC 321,570 8,415,000 The City Bank PLC 9,615 1,508,909 Commercial Bank of Ceylon PLC 40,640,460 301,807,169 State Bank of India 6,107,354 559,079 Bank Alfalah Limited - 233 Mutual Trust Bank PLC 43,713,380 186,826,664 MIDLAND Bank 1,049,722 - Dhaka bank PLC 59,227,030 33,186,986		Company and the Committee Committee of the Committee of t		12,206	317,414	
The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Ltd. Eastern Bank PLC Butch Bangla Bank PLC Outch Bangla Bank PLC The City Bank PLC Commercial Bank of Ceylon PLC State Bank of India Bank Alfalah Limited Mutual Trust Bank PLC MIDLAND Bank Dhaka bank PLC State Bank PLC Dhaka bank PLC State Bank Of India State Bank Of India State Bank Of India State Sta				-	10,043	
Eastern Bank PLC 83,894 214,726,664 Dutch Bangla Bank PLC 321,570 8,415,000 The City Bank PLC 9,615 1,508,909 Commercial Bank of Ceylon PLC 40,640,460 301,807,169 State Bank of India 6,107,354 559,079 Bank Alfalah Limited - 233 Mutual Trust Bank PLC 43,713,380 186,826,664 MIDLAND Bank 1,049,722 - Dhaka bank PLC 59,227,030 33,186,986				25,813,131		
Dutch Bangla Bank PLC 3321,570 8,415,000 The City Bank PLC 9,615 1,508,909 Commercial Bank of Ceylon PLC 40,640,460 301,807,169 State Bank of India 6,107,354 559,079 Bank Alfalah Limited - 233 Mutual Trust Bank PLC 43,713,380 186,826,664 MIDLAND Bank 1,049,722 - Dhaka bank PLC 59,227,030 33,186,986				330,368	338,502	
The City Bank PLC 9,615 1,508,909 Commercial Bank of Ceylon PLC 40,640,460 301,807,169 State Bank of India 6,107,354 559,079 Bank Alfalah Limited - 233 Mutual Trust Bank PLC 43,713,380 186,826,664 MIDLAND Bank 1,049,722 Dhaka bank PLC 59,227,030 33,186,986				83,894	214,726,664	
Commercial Bank of Ceylon PLC 40,640,460 301,807,169 State Bank of India 6,107,354 559,079 Bank Alfalah Limited 233 Mutual Trust Bank PLC 43,713,380 186,826,664 MIDLAND Bank 1,049,722 - Dhaka bank PLC 59,227,030 33,186,986				321,570	8,415,000	
State Bank of India 6,107,354 559,079 Bank Alfalah Limited - 233 Mutual Trust Bank PLC 43,713,380 186,826,664 MIDLAND Bank 1,049,722 - Dhaka bank PLC 59,227,030 33,186,986		The state of the s		9,615	1,508,909	
Bank Alfalah Limited - 233 Mutual Trust Bank PLC 43,713,380 186,826,664 MIDLAND Bank 1,049,722 - Dhaka bank PLC 59,227,030 33,186,986				40,640,460	301,807,169	
Mutual Trust Bank PLC 43,713,380 186,826,664 MIDLAND Bank 1,049,722 - Dhaka bank PLC 59,227,030 33,186,986				6,107,354	559,079	
MIDLAND Bank 1,049,722 - Dhaka bank PLC 59,227,030 33,186,986					233	
Dhaka bank PLC 59,227,030 33,186,986		NOTIFICAL AND		43,713,380	186,826,664	
37,221,030 33,160,760					-	
<u>1,462,561,244</u> <u>1,879,302,911</u>		Dnaka bank PLC	-		33,186,986	
			===	1,462,561,244	1,879,302,911	

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

		As at		
		30 September	31 March	
		2024	2024	
15	St	BDT	BDT	
15.	Share capital			
	See accounting policy in Note 7.09			
	Authorised			
	40,000,000 ordinary shares of Tk 10 each	400,000,000	400,000,000	
		400,000,000	400,000,000	
	Issued, subscribed and paid up			
	Issued for cash	41,500,000	41,500,000	
	Issued for consideration other than cash	273,500,000	273,500,000	
		315,000,000	315,000,000	
15.1	Share premium			
	5	No. of s	B URNOT	
		30 September	31 March	
		2024	2024	
	Holdings		2024	
	Share premium on paid up share capital	252,000,000	252,000,000	
		252,000,000	252,000,000	
16.	Employee benefit obligation	Washington Control and the All Control and the		
	See accounting policy in Note 7.11			
	Provision for gratuity	26,748,639	16,526,505	
	Provision for leave encashment	33,857,567	28,834,691	
		60,606,206	45,361,196	
	727 K		2 200	
	Current	32,728,585	21.619.307	
	Current Non-Current	32,728,585 27,877,621	21,619,307 23,741.889	
	(F)		21,619,307 23,741,889 45,361,196	

17. Lease liabilities

See accounting policy in Note 7.17

The Company leases many assets, including properties, warehouses, depots sales offices and land. Total number of lease assets is twenty and average terms of period of lease is four to fifty years. The incremental borrowing rate (IBR) ranges from 2.70% to 13.50%. The factory leases were entered into many years ago as combined leases of land and buildings. The following table sets out a maturity analysis of lease payables, showing the undiscounted lease payments to be paid after the reporting date.

Less than one year	59,824,551	38,871,187
One to two years	54,977,687	42,307,690
Two to three years	36,323,106	38,288,191
Three to four years	35,096,492	34,566,784
Four to five years	18,764,199	and the second s
More than five years	10,704,133	36,705,745
	204,986,035	190,739,596
Lease liabilities included in the statement of financial position		
Current	59,824,551	38,871,187
Non-current	145,161,484	151,868,409
	204,986,035	190,739,596
Amounts recognised in profit or loss	DD#	
	BDT	BDT
Interest on lease liabilities	9,221,454	18,365,984
	9,221,454	18,365,984
Amounts recognised in the statement of cash flows		
Lease rental	27,446,200	72,563,902
Total cash outflow for lease liabilities and interest payments	27,446,200	72,563,902
		-0.0

			As at		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		30 September 2024	31 March 2024	
			BDT	BDT	
18.	Trade and other payable				
	See accounting policy in Note 07.08 iii (a)				
	Trade payables	18.1	1,681,586,970	4,239,782,396	
	Other payables	18.2	2,410,506,487	2,928,420,445	
			4,092,093,457	7,168,202,840	
18.1	Trade payables				
	Intercompany trade payable				
	Payable against raw material		639,100,055	918,144,538	
	Payable against packing material		5,708,618	6,292,479	
			644,808,673	924,437,017	
	Third party trade payable				
	Payable against raw material		71,686,910	2,715,385,002	
	Payable against services		889,935,609	494,678,985	
	Payable against packing material		73,971,972	105,281,391	
	Payable against finished goods		1,183,807	-	
			1,036,778,297	3,315,345,378	
	Total trade payables		1,681,586,970	4,239,782,396	
18.2	Other payables				
	Intercompany other payable				
	Royalty payable		72,499,444	125,230,371	
	General and technical assistance fees payable		59,336,400	436,193,023	
		i	131,835,844	561,423,394	
	Third party other payable				
	Payable against expenses		439,998,038	697,069,919	
	Payable against business promotion expense		903,470,982	702,053,952	
	Import duty and related charges payable		420,519,677	233,231,639	
	Withholding tax and VAT payable		88,680,967	54,865,504	
	Workers' profit participation and welfare fund		215,905,139	298,242,500	
	Festival bonus	591	13,140,680	23,360,461	
	Advance from customers		130,093,028	183,571,610	
	Payable against capital goods		16,910,028	45,976,539	
	Audit fees payable		472,500	968,307	
	Interest on Deferred LC	*	1,262,539	75,858,721	
	Supplementary duty	**************************************	48,217,064	51,797,899	
	Total aleman 11		2,278,670,642	2,366,997,051	
	Total other payables	72.	2,410,506,487	2,928,420,445	

19. Unclaimed Dividend balance

Financial Year	Dividend Type	Rate of Dividend	Total Dividend	Record Date	Unclaimed Dividend as on 30 September 2024	Unclaimed Dividend as on 31 March 2024
2020	Interim	300%	945,000,000	18-Feb-19		4,098,00
	Final	200%	630,000,000	18-Jun-20	-	262,671
	Interim	300%	945,000,000	16-Aug-20	-	345,053
2021	Interim	200%	630,000,000	17-Nov-20	-	201,003
2021	Interim	200%	630,000,000	15-Feb-21		305,226
()	Final	200%	630,000,000	27-May-21	-	689,560
	Interim	200%	630,000,000	18-Aug-21	-	449,570
2022	Interim	200%	630,000,000	11-Nov-21	316,986	328,686
LULL	Interim	200%	630,000,000	27-Feb-22	219,666	231,366
	Final	200%	630,000,000	26-May-22	218,233	229,933
2023	Interim	450%	1,417,500,000	23-Jun-22	343,246	369,571
2023	Interim	300%	945,000,000	21-Aug-22	298,473	316,023
2024	Final	200%	53,589,294	25-Aug-24	571,841	510,025
2025	Interim	1000%	268,409,585	22-Sep-24	2,693,820	-
		Unclaimed Divide	nd	•	4,662,264	7,826,662

^{*}Total value of Unclaimed dividend represent balance after all adjustments



1				As a	it
BDT BDT					31 March
Provision for income tax					
Provision for income tax				BDT	BDT
Advance income tax 20.2 (7,005,953,069) (6,391,893,400) 1,146,028,785 834,612,174 20.1 Provision for income tax Opening balance Provision for current period/year Adjustment for prior assessment year: Assessment year 2009-2010 Assessment year 2012-2013 Assessment year 2012-2014 Assessment year 2015-2016 Assessment year 2015-2016 Assessment year 2017-2018 Assessment year 2015-2022 Assessment year 2022-2023 Assessment year 2022-2023 Assessment year 2022-2023 20.2 Advance income tax Opening balance Opening balance Payment for prior assessment year Opening balance Assessment year 2021-2017 Assessment year 2021-2022 Assessment year 2021-2023 Advance income tax Opening balance Assessment year 2021-2023 Advance income tax Assessment year 2021-2023 Advance income tax Assessment year 2021-2023 Assessment year 2021-2023 Assessment year 2021-2024 Assessment year 2021-2016 Assessment year 2021-2016 Assessment year 2015-2016 Assessment year 2015-2016 Assessment year 2015-2016 Assessment year 2015-2017 Assessment year 2015-2018 Assessment year 2015-2018 Assessment year 2024-2025 Assessment year 2024-2025 Assessment year 2023-2024 Assessment year 2023-2024 Assessment year 2023-2024 Assessment year 203-2014 Assessment year 203-2014 Assessment year 203-2014 Assessment year 203-2016 Assessment year 203-20	20.	Current tax liabilities			
1,146,028,785 834,612,174		Provision for income tax	20.1	8,151,981,855	7,226,505,574
1,146,028,785 834,612,174		Advance income tax	20.2	(7,005,953,069)	(6,391,893,400)
Opening balance 7,226,505,575 7,913,544,700 Provision for current period/year 925,476,281 1,360,062,900 Adjustment for prior assessment year: (9,098,540) Assessment year 2009-2010 - (9,098,540) Assessment year 2012-2013 - (206,588,040) Assessment year 2015-2016 - (502,672,641) Assessment year 2015-2016 - (502,672,641) Assessment year 2017-2018 - (511,139,076) Assessment year 2021-2022 - (3,069,069) Assessment year 2022-2023 - (3,088,499) Assessment year 2022-2023 - (3,088,499) Payment for current period 241,870,309 742,613,919 Payment for current period 241,870,309 742,613,919 Payment for prior year: - 3,618,152 Assessment year 2015-2016 - 3,618,152 Assessment year 2016-2017 - 2,830,193 Assessment year 2017-2018 - 705,596 Assessment year 2012-2024 - 500,833,265 Assessment year 2023-2024 - 500,833,265 Assessment year 2022-2013				1,146,028,785	834,612,174
Opening balance 7,226,505,575 7,913,544,700 Provision for current period/year 925,476,281 1,360,062,900 Adjustment for prior assessment year: (9,098,540) Assessment year 2009-2010 - (9,098,540) Assessment year 2012-2013 - (206,588,040) Assessment year 2015-2016 - (502,672,641) Assessment year 2015-2016 - (502,672,641) Assessment year 2017-2018 - (511,139,076) Assessment year 2021-2022 - (3,069,069) Assessment year 2022-2023 - (3,088,499) Assessment year 2022-2023 - (3,088,499) Payment for current period 241,870,309 742,613,919 Payment for current period 241,870,309 742,613,919 Payment for prior year: - 3,618,152 Assessment year 2015-2016 - 3,618,152 Assessment year 2016-2017 - 2,830,193 Assessment year 2017-2018 - 705,596 Assessment year 2012-2024 - 500,833,265 Assessment year 2023-2024 - 500,833,265 Assessment year 2022-2013	20.1	Provision for income for			
Provision for current period/year 925,476,281 1,360,062,900 Adjustment for prior assessment year: 340,062,900 4,360,062,900 Assessment year 2009-2010 - (9,098,540) Assessment year 2011-2013 - (206,588,040) Assessment year 2013-2014 - (279,549,372) Assessment year 2015-2016 - (502,672,641) Assessment year 2017-2018 - (3,069,069) Assessment year 2021-2022 - (3,069,069) Assessment year 2022-2023 - (3,988,499) Assessment year 2022-2023 - (3,988,499) Assessment dring the year: - - (3,188,499) Payment for current period 241,870,309 742,613,919 - Payment for prior year: - - 3,618,152 Assessment year 2015-2016 - 3,618,152 - Assessment year 2015-2016 - 3,618,152 - Assessment year 2015-2016 - 3,618,152 - - 2,830,193 Assessment year 2015-2018 -	20.1			7 226 505 575	7.012.644.700
Adjustment for prior assessment year: Assessment year 2009-2010		5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5		Name Film and Income	
Assessment year 2009-2010 Assessment year 2012-2013 Assessment year 2013-2014 Assessment year 2015-2016 Assessment year 2015-2016 Assessment year 2016-2017 Assessment year 2016-2017 Assessment year 2017-2018 Assessment year 2012-2022 Assessment year 2022-2023 Assessment year 2022-2023 Assessment year 2022-2023 Assessment year 2023-2024 20.2 Advance income tax Opening balance Payment during the year: Payment for current period Payment for current period Payment for prior year: Assessment year 2015-2016 Assessment year 2015-2018 Assessment year 2015-2016 Assessment year 2015-2016 Assessment year 2015-2018 Assessment year 2015-2018 Assessment year 2015-2018 Assessment year 2015-2018 Assessment year 2015-2016 Assessment year 2015-2018 Assessment year 2015-2016 Assessment year 2015-2018 Assessment year 2015-2018 Assessment year 2015-2016 Assessment year 2015-2016 Assessment year 2015-2016 Assessment year 2015-2018 Assessment year 2015-2016 Assessment year 2015-2016 Assessment year 2015-2016 Assessment year 2015-2018 Assessment year 2015-2016 Ass				923,476,281	1,360,062,900
Assessment year 2012-2013					(0.000.540)
Assessment year 2013-2014					
Assessment year 2015-2016 Assessment year 2016-2017 Assessment year 2017-2018 Assessment year 2021-2022 Assessment year 2021-2023 Assessment year 2022-2023 Advance income tax Opening balance Payment during the year: Payment for current period Payment for prior year: Assessment year 2015-2016 Assessment year 2015-2016 Assessment year 2016-2017 Assessment year 2017-2018 Assessment year 2024-2025 Adjustment for prior assessment year: Assessment year 2024-2025 Assessment year 2012-2013 Assessment year 2015-2016 Assessment year 2015-201				-	
Assessment year 2016-2017 Assessment year 2017-2018 Assessment year 2021-2022 Assessment year 2022-2023 Assessment year 2022-2023 Advance income tax Opening balance Payment during the year: Payment for current period Payment for prior year: Assessment year 2015-2016 Assessment year 2016-2017 Assessment year 2022-2024 Assessment year 2017-2018 Assessment year 2017-2018 Assessment year 2017-2018 Assessment year 2018-2014 Assessment year 2015-2016 Assessment year 2017-2018 Assessment year 2018-2019 Assessment year 2018-2019 Assessment year 2018-2019 Assessment year 2018-2019				•	
Assessment year 2017-2018				*	
Assessment year 2021-2022 Assessment year 2022-2023 Assessment year 2022-2023 20.2 Advance income tax Opening balance Payment during the year: Payment for current period Payment for prior year: Assessment year 2015-2016 Assessment year 2016-2017 Assessment year 2023-2024 Assessment year 2023-2026 Adjustment for prior assessment year: Assessment year 2015-2016 Assessment year 2015-2016 Assessment year 2015-2016 Assessment year 2015-2016 Assessment year 2016-2017 Assessment year 2017-2018 Assessment year 2018-2019				-	
Assessment year 2022-2023 20.2 Advance income tax Opening balance Payment during the year: Payment for current period Payment for prior year: Assessment year 2015-2016 Assessment year 2016-2017 Assessment year 2023-2024 Assessment year 2023-2024 Assessment year 2024-2025 Assessment year 2024-2025 Assessment year 2012-2013 Assessment year 2013-2014 Assessment year 2013-2016 Assessment year 2015-2016 Assessment year 2015-2016 Assessment year 2015-2016 Assessment year 2016-2017 Assessment year 2017-2018 Assessment year 2017-2018 Assessment year 2018-2019 Assessment year 2018-2019 Advance income tax 7,134,955,958 7,226,505,574 7,134,955,958 7,24,613,919 7,134,955,958 7,134,955,958 7,226,505,574 7,134,955,958 7,226,505,574 7,134,955,958 7,226,505,574 7,134,955,958 7,24,613,919 7,134,955,958 7,24,613,919 7,134,955,958 7,226,505,574 7,226,505,574 7,134,955,958 7,226,505,574 7,134,955,958 7,226,505,574 7,134,955,958 7,226,505,574 7,134,955,958 7,226,505,574 7,134,955,958 7,226,505,574 7,134,955,958 7,226,505,574 7,134,955,958 7,226,505,574 7,134,955,958 7,226,505,574 7,134,955,958 7,226,505,574 7,134,955,958 7,226,505,574 7,134,955,958 7,226,505,574 7,134,955,958 7,226,505,574 7,134,955,958 7,226,505,574 7,134,955,958 7,226,505,574 7,134,955,958 7,206,505,574 7,134,955,958 7,206,505,574 7,134,955,958 7,206,505,574 7,134,955,958 7,206,505,574 7,134,955,958 7,206,505,574 7,134,955,958 7,206,505,959 7,206,505,				*:	
20.2 Advance income tax Opening balance 6,391,893,400 7,134,955,958 Payment during the year: Payment for current period 241,870,309 742,613,919 Payment for prior year: Assessment year 2015-2016 - 3,618,152 Assessment year 2016-2017 - 2,830,193 Assessment year 2023-2024 - 500,833,265 Assessment year 2024-2025 372,189,360 Adjustment for prior assessment year: Assessment year 2012-2013 - (236,519,377) Assessment year 2013-2014 - (234,442,800) Assessment year 2015-2016 - (485,952,667) Assessment year 2016-2017 - (521,632,106) Assessment year 2017-2018 - (497,658,995) Assessment year 2017-2018 - (17,457,738)				•	
20.2 Advance income tax Opening balance Payment during the year: Payment for current period Payment for prior year: Assessment year 2015-2016 Assessment year 2017-2018 Assessment year 2023-2024 Assessment year 2024-2025 Adjustment for prior assessment year: Assessment year 2012-2013 Assessment year 2012-2013 Assessment year 2013-2014 Assessment year 2015-2016 Assessment year 2015-2016 Assessment year 2013-2014 Assessment year 2015-2016 Assessment year 2017-2018 Assessment year 2017-2018 Assessment year 2017-2018 Assessment year 2018-2019 Assessment year 2018-2019 Assessment year 2018-2019 Assessment year 2018-2019 Afficial Assessment year 2018-2019 Assessme		Assessment year 2022-2023	-		
Opening balance 6,391,893,400 7,134,955,958 Payment during the year: 241,870,309 742,613,919 Payment for current period 241,870,309 742,613,919 Payment for prior year: - 3,618,152 Assessment year 2015-2016 - 2,830,193 Assessment year 2017-2018 - 705,596 Assessment year 2023-2024 - 500,833,265 Assessment year 2024-2025 372,189,360 - Adjustment for prior assessment year: - (236,519,377) Assessment year 2012-2013 - (234,442,800) Assessment year 2013-2014 - (234,442,800) Assessment year 2015-2016 - (485,952,667) Assessment year 2016-2017 - (521,632,106) Assessment year 2017-2018 - (497,658,995) Assessment year 2018-2019 - (17,457,738)				8,151,981,855	7,226,505,574
Payment during the year: Payment for current period 241,870,309 742,613,919 Payment for prior year: Assessment year 2015-2016 - 3,618,152 Assessment year 2016-2017 - 2,830,193 Assessment year 2017-2018 - 705,596 Assessment year 2023-2024 - 500,833,265 Assessment year 2024-2025 - 372,189,360 Adjustment for prior assessment year: Assessment year 2012-2013 - (236,519,377) Assessment year 2013-2014 - (234,442,800) Assessment year 2015-2016 - (485,952,667) Assessment year 2016-2017 - (521,632,106) Assessment year 2017-2018 - (497,658,995) Assessment year 2018-2019 - (17,457,738)	20.2	Advance income tax			
Payment during the year: 241,870,309 742,613,919 Payment for current period 241,870,309 742,613,919 Payment for prior year: - 3,618,152 Assessment year 2015-2016 - 2,830,193 Assessment year 2017-2018 - 705,596 Assessment year 2023-2024 - 500,833,265 Assessment year 2024-2025 372,189,360 Adjustment for prior assessment year: - (236,519,377) Assessment year 2012-2013 - (234,442,800) Assessment year 2013-2014 - (234,442,800) Assessment year 2015-2016 - (485,952,667) Assessment year 2016-2017 - (521,632,106) Assessment year 2017-2018 - (497,658,995) Assessment year 2018-2019 - (17,457,738)		Opening balance		6,391,893,400	7.134.955.958
Payment for prior year: - Assessment year 2015-2016 - 3,618,152 Assessment year 2016-2017 - 2,830,193 Assessment year 2017-2018 - 705,596 Assessment year 2023-2024 - 500,833,265 Assessment year 2024-2025 372,189,360 - Adjustment for prior assessment year: - (236,519,377) Assessment year 2012-2013 - (234,442,800) Assessment year 2013-2014 - (485,952,667) Assessment year 2015-2016 - (521,632,106) Assessment year 2016-2017 - (521,632,106) Assessment year 2017-2018 - (497,658,995) Assessment year 2018-2019 - (17,457,738)		Payment during the year:			111-11-11-1
Assessment year 2015-2016 Assessment year 2016-2017 Assessment year 2017-2018 Assessment year 2023-2024 Assessment year 2024-2025 Adjustment for prior assessment year: Assessment year 2012-2013 Assessment year 2013-2014 Assessment year 2013-2014 Assessment year 2015-2016 Assessment year 2015-2016 Assessment year 2016-2017 Assessment year 2017-2018 Assessment year 2017-2018 Assessment year 2018-2019 Assessment year 2018-2019 Assessment year 2018-2019 Assessment year 2018-2019 - (17,457,738)		Payment for current period		241,870,309	742,613,919
Assessment year 2016-2017 - 2,830,193 Assessment year 2017-2018 - 705,596 Assessment year 2023-2024 - 500,833,265 Assessment year 2024-2025 - 372,189,360 Adjustment for prior assessment year: Assessment year 2012-2013 - (236,519,377) Assessment year 2013-2014 - (234,442,800) Assessment year 2015-2016 - (485,952,667) Assessment year 2016-2017 - (521,632,106) Assessment year 2017-2018 - (497,658,995) Assessment year 2018-2019 - (17,457,738)		Payment for prior year:		×	
Assessment year 2016-2017 Assessment year 2017-2018 Assessment year 2023-2024 Assessment year 2024-2025 Assessment year 2024-2025 Adjustment for prior assessment year: Assessment year 2012-2013 Assessment year 2012-2014 Assessment year 2013-2014 Assessment year 2015-2016 Assessment year 2016-2017 Assessment year 2016-2017 Assessment year 2017-2018 Assessment year 2018-2019 Assessment year 2018-2019 Assessment year 2018-2019 - (236,519,377) - (236,519,377) - (234,442,800) - (485,952,667) - (485,952,667) - (521,632,106) - (497,658,995) - (17,457,738)		Assessment year 2015-2016		<u> </u>	3,618,152
Assessment year 2023-2024 500,833,265 Assessment year 2024-2025 372,189,360 Adjustment for prior assessment year: Assessment year 2012-2013 - (236,519,377) Assessment year 2013-2014 - (234,442,800) Assessment year 2015-2016 - (485,952,667) Assessment year 2016-2017 - (521,632,106) Assessment year 2017-2018 - (497,658,995) Assessment year 2018-2019 - (17,457,738)		Assessment year 2016-2017		±	
Assessment year 2024-2025 Adjustment for prior assessment year: Assessment year 2012-2013 Assessment year 2013-2014 Assessment year 2015-2016 Assessment year 2016-2017 Assessment year 2017-2018 Assessment year 2017-2018 Assessment year 2018-2019		Assessment year 2017-2018		¥	705,596
Assessment year 2024-2025 Adjustment for prior assessment year: Assessment year 2012-2013 Assessment year 2013-2014 Assessment year 2015-2016 Assessment year 2016-2017 Assessment year 2017-2018 Assessment year 2017-2018 Assessment year 2018-2019		Assessment year 2023-2024		<u> </u>	500,833,265
Assessment year 2012-2013 - (236,519,377) Assessment year 2013-2014 - (234,442,800) Assessment year 2015-2016 - (485,952,667) Assessment year 2016-2017 - (521,632,106) Assessment year 2017-2018 - (497,658,995) Assessment year 2018-2019 - (17,457,738)		Assessment year 2024-2025		372,189,360	
Assessment year 2013-2014 - (234,442,800) Assessment year 2015-2016 - (485,952,667) Assessment year 2016-2017 - (521,632,106) Assessment year 2017-2018 - (497,658,995) Assessment year 2018-2019 - (17,457,738)		Adjustment for prior assessment year:			
Assessment year 2013-2014 - (234,442,800) Assessment year 2015-2016 - (485,952,667) Assessment year 2016-2017 - (521,632,106) Assessment year 2017-2018 - (497,658,995) Assessment year 2018-2019 - (17,457,738)		Assessment year 2012-2013		=	(236,519,377)
Assessment year 2015-2016 - (485,952,667) Assessment year 2016-2017 - (521,632,106) Assessment year 2017-2018 - (497,658,995) Assessment year 2018-2019 - (17,457,738)		Assessment year 2013-2014			
Assessment year 2016-2017 - (521,632,106) Assessment year 2017-2018 - (497,658,995) Assessment year 2018-2019 - (17,457,738)		Assessment year 2015-2016		E	
Assessment year 2017-2018 - (497,658,995) Assessment year 2018-2019 - (17,457,738)		Assessment year 2016-2017		o ≔	
Assessment year 2018-2019 - (17,457,738)		Assessment year 2017-2018		9 5.	1 0 0
		Assessment year 2018-2019			
			-	7,005,953,069	6,391,893,400

20.3 Year wise break up of provision for current tax and balance of advance income tax for open years

Accounting year ended	Assessment year	Provision for income tax (Amount in Taka)	Advance income tax (Amount in Taka)	Status
30 September 2024	2025-26	925,476,281	241,870,309	
31 March 2024	2024-25	1,360,062,900	1,114,803,278	
31 March 2023	2023-24	1,163,138,344	1,145,507,263	Return submitted
31 March 2022	2022-23	1,037,918,279	989,845,947	Return submitted
31 March 2021	2021-22	961,534,818	928,793,586	Return submitted
31 March 2020	2020-21	908,685,699	859,770,282	Return submitted
31 March 2019	2019-20	715,903,898	714,242,632	At High Court
31 March 2018	2018-19	603,956,939	542,953,457	Open at CT(A) level
31 March 2014	2014-15	475,304,697	00-30-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-0	At High Court
	_	8,151,981,855	7,005,953,069	
	, » -			

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Note 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1				For the six-mon	th period ended	For the three-mo	nth period ended
Parchuse							
21.1 Revenue See accounting policy in Note 7.15 See accounting policy in Note 7.15 See accounting policy in Note 7.15 Parachute occount oil S.107,639,882 4,827,271,436 2,426,447,608 2,282,719,465 Value added hair oil (VAHO) 2,323,670,002 2,104,649,742 1,074,272,429 1,045,962,884 1,596,187 2,233,700 6,275,295 6,270,216						2024	
Parachute coconut oil	21.	Revenue		BDT	BDT	BDT	BDT
Value added hair oil (VAHO) Color		See accounting policy in Note 7.15					
Value added hair oil (VAHO) Color		Parachute coconut oil		5 107 (20 002	4 000 001 404	a 1220 to 1220	
Color							
Health & Beauty							
Baby Segment 157,257,771 132,556,545 84,023,571 73,549,435 73,549,435 74,717,656,893 4,048,141,210 3,755,515,396 4,048,141,210 4,048,141		5					6 (8)
*Others include male grooming, byproduct & others Revenue from of revenue between domestic and export Revenue from domestic operation Revenue from export *\$8,355,713,723\$ *\$7,684,279,537\$ *\$4,023,144,687\$ \$3,739,512,046\$ *\$8,407,684,436\$ *\$7,717,656,893\$ *\$4,048,141,210\$ *\$3,799,513,799,713\$ \$3,377,355\$ \$24,996,523\$ \$16,033,359\$ \$24,996,523\$ \$16,033,359\$ \$24,996,523\$ \$16,033,359\$ *\$1,612,483,464\$ \$1,596,632,736\$ \$2,941,901,086\$ \$2,851,762,357\$ \$1,475,188,626\$ \$1,461,491,099\$ ***22.1.1* ***26,947,9415* ***29,941,901,086* \$2,851,762,357\$ \$1,475,188,626\$ \$1,661,491,099\$ ***29,1901,086* ***29,1901,086				70000		5 5	
Others include male grooming, byproduct & others Revenue from of revenue between domestic and export Revenue from domestic operation Revenue from domestic operation Revenue from export \$		Others					
Revenue from domestic operation Revenue from export		*Others include male grooming, byproduct	& others	0,407,084,430	7,/17,050,893	4,048,141,210	3,755,515,396
Revenue from export S.1.970,713 3.3.377,356 24.996,523 16.003,350	21.1	Segregation of revenue between domestic	and expo	rt			
Revenue from export S.1.970,713 3.3.377,356 24.996,523 16.003,350		P		E			
22.1 Cost of goods manufactured Notes Materials consumed 22.1.1 2.941.901.086 2.851.762.357 1.475.188.626 1.461.491.099 1.688.585.545		Revenue from domestic operation					
Note Cost of sales Note Cost of goods manufactured 22.1 3,211,376,501 3,091,364,535 1,612,483,464 1,596,632,736 3,311,02,123 387,071,251 227,994,124 226,357,809 20,000 20,		Revenue from export					
Opening stock of finished goods Cost of goods manufactured 22.1 3,211,376,501 3,091,364,535 1,612,483,464 1,596,632,736 3,528,478,624 3,478,435,786 1,840,477,588 1,822,990,545 (211,677,553) (207,306,831) (211,677,553) (211,677,553) (211,677,553) (207,306,831) (211,677,553) (211,6				0,407,004,430	7,717,030,093	4,040,141,210	3,/33,313,396
Opening stock of finished goods 317,102,123 387,071,251 227,994,124 226,357,809 Cost of goods manufactured 22.1 3,211,376,501 3,091,364,535 1,612,483,464 1,596,632,736 3,478,485,786 1,4840,477,588 1,822,990,545 (211,677,553) (207,306,831) (211,677,553)	22.	Cost of sales					
Cost of goods manufactured 22.1 3,211,376,501 3,091,364,535 1,612,483,464 1,506,632,736 3,528,478,624 3,478,435,786 1,840,477,588 1,822,990,545 (211,677,553) (207,306,831) (211,677,553) (211,677			Note				
Closing stock of finished goods						227,994,124	226,357,809
Closing stock of finished goods		Cost of goods manufactured	22.1			-	
22.1 Cost of goods manufactured Materials consumed Factory overhead 22.1.2 269,475,415 239,602,178 137,294,838 135,141,637 3.211.376.501 3.091,364.535 1.612.483.464 1.596.632.736 22.1.1 Materials consumed Opening stock of raw materials, packing materials and others Purchases during the year Closing stock of raw materials, packing materials and others 2.517,596,241 3,532,587,942 1,190,739,636 1,688,585,545 (1.612.483.464 1.596.632.736 (1.612.483.		Closing stock of finished goods					
22.1. Cost of goods manufactured Materials consumed							
Materials consumed Factory overhead	22.1	Cost of goods manufactured					
Factory overhead 22.1.2 269,475,415 239,602,178 137,294,838 135,141,637 3.211.376,501 3.091,364,535 1.612,483,464 1.596,632,736 22.1.1 Materials consumed Opening stock of raw materials, packing materials and others Purchases during the year Closing stock of raw materials, packing materials and others Purchases during the year Closing stock of raw materials, packing materials and others 2.517,596,241 3,532,587,942 1,190,739,636 1,688,585,545 (2,610,060,575) (2,822,304,557) (2,610,060,575) (2,822,304,557) 2.941,901,086 2.851,762,357 1.475,188,626 1,461,491,099 22.1.2 Factory overhead Communication expenses-CoS Cost of outsourced human resources 60,881,250 51,201,939 30,808,468 24,890,498 Depreciation-CoS 84,855,514 77,101,024 42,198,653 43,721,905 Entertainment-CoS 51,92,575 51,74,024 2,878,568 2,330,152 Power expenses 46,516,590 38,998,237 23,965,409 25,313,948 Printing and stationery-CoS Printing and stationery-CoS 8,094,677 8,407,885 3,759,714 5,924,809 Salaries and maintenance-CoS 8,094,677 8,407,885 3,759,714 5,924,809 Salaries and allowances-CoS 40,781,42 3,662,454 2,079,412 1,853,184 Warehouse rent 22.1.2 Factory overhead 22.1.3 464,455,74 22,867,025 Security charges-CoS 1,00,40,40,40,40,40,40,40,40,40,40,40,40,							
22.1.1 Materials consumed							1,461,491,099
22.1.1 Materials consumed 2,894,509,566 2,595,210,111		ractory overnead	22.1.2				
Opening stock of raw materials, packing materials and others 3,034,365,421 2,141,478,971 2,894,509,566 2,595,210,111 Purchases during the year Closing stock of raw materials, packing materials and others 2,517,596,241 3,532,587,942 1,190,739,636 1,688,585,545 2,941,901,086 2,851,762,357 (2,610,060,575) (2,822,304,557) 2,941,901,086 2,851,762,357 1,475,188,626 1,461,491,099 22.1.2 Factory overhead Communication expenses-CoS 295,622 404,665 141,209 246,048 Cost of outsourced human resources 60,881,250 51,201,939 30,808,468 24,890,498 Depreciation-CoS 84,855,514 77,101,024 42,198,653 43,721,905 Entertainment-CoS 5,192,575 5,174,024 2,878,568 2,320,152 Power expenses 46,516,590 38,998,237 23,965,409 25,313,948 Printing and stationery-CoS 948,422 1,133,444 377,152 543,595 Repairs and maintenance-CoS 8,094,677 8,407,885 3,759,714 5,924,809 Salarie				3,211,370,301	3,071,304,333	1,012,483,404	1,596,632,736
Materials and others 3,034,365,421 2,141,478,971 2,894,509,566 2,595,210,111	22.1.1	Materials consumed				El	
Purchases during the year Closing stock of raw materials, packing materials and others 2,517,596,241 3,532,587,942 1,190,739,636 1,688,585,545 (2,610,060,575) (2,822,304,557) (2,610,060,575) (2,822,304,557) (2,610,060,575) (2,822,304,557) (2,610,060,575) (2,822,304,557) (2,610,060,575) (2,822,304,557) (2,610,060,575) (2,822,304,557) (2,610,060,575) (2,822,304,557) (2,610,060,575) (2,822,304,557) (2,610,060,575) (2,822,304,557) (2,610,060,575) (2,822,304,557) (2,610,060,575) (2,822,304,557) (2,610,060,575) (2,822,304,557) (2,610,060,575) (2,822,304,557) (2,610,060,575) (2,822,304,557) (2,610,060,575) (2,822,304,557) (2,610,060,575) (2,610,060,575) (2,822,304,557) (2,610,060,575) (2,822,304,557) (2,610,060,575) (2,822,304,557) (2,610,060,575) (2,822,304,557) (2,610,060,575) (2,822,304,557) (2,610,060,575) (2,822,304,557) (2,610,060,575) (2,822,304,557) (2,610,060,575) (2,822,304,557) (2,610,060,575) (2,610,060,575) (2,610,060,575) (2,610,060,575) (2,610,060,575) (2,610,060,575) (2,610,060,575) (2,610,060,575) (2,610,060,575) (2,610,060,575) (2,610,060,575) (2,610,060,575) (2,610,060,575) (2,610,060,575) (2,610,060,575) (2,610,060,575) (2,610,060,575) (2,610,060,575) (2,610,060,575) (2,822,304,557) (2,610,060,575) (2,822,304,557) (2,610,060,575) (2,822,304,557) (2,610,060,575) (2,822,304,557) (2,610,060,575) (2,822,304,557) (2,610,060,575) (2,822,304,557) (2,610,060,575) (2,822,304,557) (2,610,060,575) (2,822,304,557) (2,610,060,575) (2,822,304,557) (2,610,060,575) (2,822,304,557) (2,610,060,575) (2,822,304,557) (2,610,060,575) (2,822,304,557) (2,610,060,575) (2,822,304,557) (2,610,060,575) (2,822,304,557) (2,610,060,575) (2,822,304,557) (2,610,060,575) (2,822,304,557) (2,610,060,575) (2,822,304,557) (2,610,060,575) (2,610,060,575) (2,822,304,557) (2,610,060,575) (2,822,304,557) (2,610,060,575) (2,822,304,557) (2,610,060,575) (2,822,304,557) (2,610,060,575) (2,822,304,557) (2,610,060,575) (2,822,304,557) (2,610,060,575) (2,822,304,557) (2,610,060,575) (2,610,060,575) (2,822,304,557) (2,10,060,575) (2,822,304,557)		, -		3,034,365,421	2 141 478 971	2 894 509 566	2 505 210 111
Closing stock of raw materials, packing materials and others (2,610,060,575) (2,822,304,557) (2,610,060,575)		Purchases during the year		50 SEC 2004-0008			
2.941,901,086 2,851,762,357 1,475,188,626 1,461,491,099 22.1.2 Factory overhead Communication expenses-CoS 295,622 404,665 141,209 246,048 Cost of outsourced human resources 60,881,250 51,201,939 30,808,468 24,890,498 Depreciation-CoS 84,855,514 77,101,024 42,198,653 43,721,905 Entertainment-CoS 5,192,575 5,174,024 2,878,568 2,320,152 Power expenses 46,516,590 38,998,237 23,965,409 25,313,948 Printing and stationery-CoS 948,422 1,133,444 377,152 543,595 Repairs and maintenance-CoS 8,094,677 8,407,885 3,759,714 5,924,809 Salaries and allowances-CoS 42,261,566 38,359,213 24,485,674 22,867,025 Security charges-CoS 6,715,750 6,034,289 3,343,204 3,207,692 Travelling and conveyance-CoS 4,078,142 3,662,454 2,079,412 1,853,184 Warehouse rent 9,635,308 9,125,002 3,257,373				1.70 95.0 15		Control of the State of the Sta	
Communication expenses-CoS 295,622 404,665 141,209 246,048 Cost of outsourced human resources 60,881,250 51,201,939 30,808,468 24,890,498 Depreciation-CoS 84,855,514 77,101,024 42,198,653 43,721,905 Entertainment-CoS 5,192,575 5,174,024 2,878,568 2,320,152 Power expenses 46,516,590 38,998,237 23,965,409 25,313,948 Printing and stationery-CoS 948,422 1,133,444 377,152 543,595 Repairs and maintenance-CoS 8,094,677 8,407,885 3,759,714 5,924,809 Salaries and allowances-CoS 42,261,566 38,359,213 24,485,674 22,867,025 Security charges-CoS 6,715,750 6,034,289 3,343,204 3,207,692 Travelling and conveyance-CoS 4,078,142 3,662,454 2,079,412 1,853,184 Warehouse rent 9,635,308 9,125,002 3,257,373 4,252,782		materials and offices		2,941,901,086			
Communication expenses-CoS 295,622 404,665 141,209 246,048 Cost of outsourced human resources 60,881,250 51,201,939 30,808,468 24,890,498 Depreciation-CoS 84,855,514 77,101,024 42,198,653 43,721,905 Entertainment-CoS 5,192,575 5,174,024 2,878,568 2,320,152 Power expenses 46,516,590 38,998,237 23,965,409 25,313,948 Printing and stationery-CoS 948,422 1,133,444 377,152 543,595 Repairs and maintenance-CoS 8,094,677 8,407,885 3,759,714 5,924,809 Salaries and allowances-CoS 42,261,566 38,359,213 24,485,674 22,867,025 Security charges-CoS 6,715,750 6,034,289 3,343,204 3,207,692 Travelling and conveyance-CoS 4,078,142 3,662,454 2,079,412 1,853,184 Warehouse rent 9,635,308 9,125,002 3,257,373 4,252,782		529		-	-		
Cost of outsourced human resources 60,881,250 51,201,939 30,808,468 24,890,498 Depreciation-CoS 84,855,514 77,101,024 42,198,653 43,721,905 Entertainment-CoS 5,192,575 5,174,024 2,878,568 2,320,152 Power expenses 46,516,590 38,998,237 23,965,409 25,313,948 Printing and stationery-CoS 948,422 1,133,444 377,152 543,595 Repairs and maintenance-CoS 8,094,677 8,407,885 3,759,714 5,924,809 Salaries and allowances-CoS 42,261,566 38,359,213 24,485,674 22,867,025 Security charges-CoS 6,715,750 6,034,289 3,343,204 3,207,692 Travelling and conveyance-CoS 4,078,142 3,662,454 2,079,412 1,853,184 Warehouse rent 9,635,308 9,125,002 3,257,373 4,252,782	22.1.2	Factory overhead					
Depreciation-CoS 84,855,514 77,101,024 42,198,653 43,721,905 Entertainment-CoS 5,192,575 5,174,024 2,878,568 2,320,152 Power expenses 46,516,590 38,998,237 23,965,409 25,313,948 Printing and stationery-CoS 948,422 1,133,444 377,152 543,595 Repairs and maintenance-CoS 8,094,677 8,407,885 3,759,714 5,924,809 Salaries and allowances-CoS 42,261,566 38,359,213 24,485,674 22,867,025 Security charges-CoS 6,715,750 6,034,289 3,343,204 3,207,692 Travelling and conveyance-CoS 4,078,142 3,662,454 2,079,412 1,853,184 Warehouse rent 9,635,308 9,125,002 3,257,373 4,252,782					404,665	141,209	246,048
Entertainment-CoS 5,192,575 5,174,024 2,878,568 2,320,152 Power expenses 46,516,590 38,998,237 23,965,409 25,313,948 Printing and stationery-CoS 948,422 1,133,444 377,152 543,595 Repairs and maintenance-CoS 8,094,677 8,407,885 3,759,714 5,924,809 Salaries and allowances-CoS 42,261,566 38,359,213 24,485,674 22,867,025 Security charges-CoS 6,715,750 6,034,289 3,343,204 3,207,692 Travelling and conveyance-CoS 4,078,142 3,662,454 2,079,412 1,853,184 Warehouse rent 9,635,308 9,125,002 3,257,373 4,252,782							
Power expenses 46,516,590 38,998,237 23,965,409 25,313,948 Printing and stationery-CoS 948,422 1,133,444 377,152 543,595 Repairs and maintenance-CoS 8,094,677 8,407,885 3,759,714 5,924,809 Salaries and allowances-CoS 42,261,566 38,359,213 24,485,674 22,867,025 Security charges-CoS 6,715,750 6,034,289 3,343,204 3,207,692 Travelling and conveyance-CoS 4,078,142 3,662,454 2,079,412 1,853,184 Warehouse rent 9,635,308 9,125,002 3,257,373 4,252,782		AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER					
Printing and stationery-CoS 948,422 1,133,444 377,152 543,595 Repairs and maintenance-CoS 8,094,677 8,407,885 3,759,714 5,924,809 Salaries and allowances-CoS 42,261,566 38,359,213 24,485,674 22,867,025 Security charges-CoS 6,715,750 6,034,289 3,343,204 3,207,692 Travelling and conveyance-CoS 4,078,142 3,662,454 2,079,412 1,853,184 Warehouse rent 9,635,308 9,125,002 3,257,373 4,252,782		[12] [13] [13] [13] [13] [13] [13] [13] [13					
Repairs and maintenance-CoS 8,094,677 8,407,885 3,759,714 5,924,809 Salaries and allowances-CoS 42,261,566 38,359,213 24,485,674 22,867,025 Security charges-CoS 6,715,750 6,034,289 3,343,204 3,207,692 Travelling and conveyance-CoS 4,078,142 3,662,454 2,079,412 1,853,184 Warehouse rent 9,635,308 9,125,002 3,257,373 4,252,782				948,422	1,133,444		8 6
Security charges-CoS 6,715,750 6,034,289 3,343,204 3,207,692 Travelling and conveyance-CoS 4,078,142 3,662,454 2,079,412 1,853,184 Warehouse rent 9,635,308 9,125,002 3,257,373 4,252,782							
Travelling and conveyance-CoS 4,078,142 3,662,454 2,079,412 1,853,184 Warehouse rent 9,635,308 9,125,002 3,257,373 4,252,782		Salar and the sa					
Warehouse rent 9,635,308 9,125,002 3,257,373 4,252,782		Travelling and conveyance-CoS					
<u>269,475,415</u> <u>239,602,178</u> <u>137,294,838</u> <u>135,141,637</u>		Warehouse rent	_		9,125,002	3,257,373	4,252,782
			=	209,475,415	239,602,178	137,294,838	135,141,637

	_	For the six-month period ended		For the three-month period ended		
		30 September	30 September	30 September	30 September	
	_	2024	2023	2024	2023	
	=	BDT	BDT	BDT	BDT	
23.	General and administrative expenses					
	Salaries and allowances	341,726,739	296,907,510	183,178,018	164,143,011	
	Gratuity	10,222,134	11,536,152	5,111,067	5,768,076	
	Rent, rates and taxes	8,305,071	8,724,275	3,789,991	4,527,260	
	Professional and legal charges	16,441,191	15,158,008	11,114,014	8,677,667	
	Security charges	1,088,207	1,125,273	564,135	570,135	
	Stamp and license fees	7,877,136	8,069,310	4,309,497	3,967,400	
	Directors' remuneration and fees	19,495,579	15,471,298	13,698,457	11,826,745	
	Repair and maintenance	10,189,313	9,440,128	6,297,710	5,089,755	
	Communication expenses	1,581,289	2,816,627	1,031,661	2,212,855	
	Subscription to trade association	150,516	72,500	49,440	15,000	
	Entertainment	17,980,020	15,264,566	10,341,365	6,903,061	
	Printing and stationery	590,942	815,609	150,005	432,547	
	Vehicle running expenses	22,798,718	21,301,472	11,816,049	9,099,393	
	Travelling and conveyance	7,861,257	7,449,362	4,715,450	4,053,724	
	Audit fees	649,731	825,923	155,423	348,169	
	Insurance premium	18,196,615	14,240,881	7,248,505	5,847,304	
	Bank charges	2,200,801	6,073,751	1,381,846	3,399,265	
	AGM and public relation	3,819,441	3,154,301	3,229,906	2,659,674	
	Conference and training	2,815,712	1,964,443	1,573,905	1,664,358	
	Electricity and gas charges	786,101	589,665	483,645	418,822	
	Amortisation	25,357	230,107	12,679	115,054	
	Royalty	80,554,938	73,826,839	38,771,140	35,757,056	
	Depreciation	19,730,455	20,098,677	9,427,160	11,017,957	
	Depreciation on right-of-use asset	33,444,015	30,987,735	16,924,235	15,504,396	
	General and technical assistance fees	59,336,400	49,116,570	26,586,814	18,572,691	
	CSR expense	9,348,421	9,599,389	4,903,421	5,096,611	
	=	697,216,098	624,860,372	366,865,538	327,687,985	
24.	Marketing, selling and distribution expenses					
	Advertisement, travelling and communication expense	396,085,713	380,137,965	205,881,547	177,721,665	
	Business promotion expenses	19,957,155	16,588,246	10,475,088	10,074,396	
	Other selling & distribution expenses	53,433,278	41,394,226	25,473,433		
	Entertainment-Mkt	9,341,845			19,773,328	
	Free sample		6,476,845	3,469,998	2,093,250	
	72	7,296,897	6,158,083	6,069,028	4,438,538	
	Freight- outward	62,965,209	57,422,009	30,220,330	27,447,913	
	Market research expenses	50,575,957	20,599,199	25,008,561	9,956,735	
		599,656,053	528,776,573	306,597,984	251,505,823	

			For the six-mont	th period ended	For the three-mor	ith period ended
			30 September	30 September	30 September	30 September
			2024	2023	2024	2023
			BDT	BDT	BDT	BDT
25.	Other income/(expense)					
23.	other mediter(expense)	Note				
	Other income	25.1	18,899,505	20,449,820	9,212,071	11,307,996
	Other expenses	25.2	(354,858)	(70,575)	(282,613)	8 8
	•		18,544,647	20,379,245	8,929,458	(70,575) 11,237,421
25.1	Other income),	-	
	Gain on sale of PPE		233,266	3,588,675	89,287	3,550,966
	Gain/(Loss) on lease disposal/ modification		(10,145,921)	2,916,834	3 2 2	(136,879)
	Refund from insurance		284,572	8	-	
	Insurance claim		1,964,830	1,131,512	1,964,830	980,314
	Sale of RM PM		11,023,755	<u>2</u>	95.	
	Rental income		6,762,000	6,762,000	3,381,000	3,381,000
	Scrap sales	12	8,777,003	6,050,798	3,776,954	3,532,594
			18,899,505	20,449,820	9,212,071	11,307,996
25.2	Other expenses					
	Loss on sale of PPE		(354,858)	(70,575)	(282,613)	(70,575)
		_	(354,858)	(70,575)	(282,613)	(70,575)
26.	Net finance income		*		_	
	F'	Note				
	Finance income/(Expense)	26.1	431,694,953	218,776,590	187,740,318	121,393,129
	Finance costs	26.2	73,851,970	(163,273,828)	40,517,490	(98,640,960)
		=	505,546,924	55,502,762	228,257,808	22,752,169
26.1	Finance income/(Expense)					
	Interest on fixed deposits		344,318,606	162,883,477	131,647,333	97,334,081
	Interest on call deposits		86,953,262	55,750,354	55,881,970	23,985,026
	Interest on staff loan		423,085	142,759	211,015	74,022
		-	431,694,953	218,776,590	187,740,318	121,393,129
	*	_				11/

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

		For the six-mont	h period ended	For the three-moi	ith period ended
		30 September 2024	30 September 2023	30 September 2024	30 September 2023
		BDT	BDT	BDT	BDT
26.2	Finance costs				
	Interest on overdraft and loans	54,273,762	52,973,177	(3,609,356)	33,620,400
	Foreign exchange (gain)/loss	(137,347,186)	100,704,359	(41,466,693)	60,288,951
	Interest on lease	9,221,454	9,596,292	4,558,559	4,731,609
		(73,851,970)	163,273,828	(40,517,490)	98,640,960
		For the six-mont	h period ended		
		30 September 2024	30 September 2023		
27.	Contribution to WPPF	BDT	BDT		
	Profit before contribution to WPPF Applicable contribution rate	4,318,102,785 5%	3,368,773,001 5%		
		215,905,139	168,438,648		

^{*}The Company operates a fund for workers as workers' profit participation and welfare fund and provides 5% of its profit before workers' profit participation fund and tax as per provision of the Bangladesh Labour Act 2006.

		For the six-mon	th period ended	For the three-mor	nth period ended
		30 September 2024	30 September 2023	30 September 2024	30 September 2023
		BDT	BDT	BDT	BDT
28.	Earnings per share	4			2
28.1	Basic earnings per share				
	Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders				
	(net profit after tax)	3,191,123,741	2,497,691,496	1,465,412,124	1,168,944,593
	Weighted average number of ordinary shares				
	outstanding during the year	31,500,000	31,500,000	31,500,000	31,500,000
	Earnings per share (EPS) in Taka	101.31	79.29	46.52	37.11

28.2 Diluted earnings per share

As per IAS-33 "Earnings Per Share", the calculation of diluted earning per share does not assume conversion, exercise or other issue of potential ordinary shares that would have an anti dilutive effect on earning per share. The Company has no dilutive instruments hence the diluted earning per share has not considered.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Amounts recognised in profit or loss See accounting policy in Note 7.14 Income tax expenses 29.

Adjustment for prior year Current tax expense Current year

Deferred tax (income)/expense

(8,388,129)

(38,336,310) 698,081,012 4,561,845

344,384,382

423,503,842 423,503,842

736,417,322

925,476,281

9,955,247

(5,004,293)

418,499,550

702,642,857

(14,402,378)

925,476,281

911,073,904

30 September 2024 30 September 2023 30 September 2024 30 September 2023 BDT BDT BDT BDT

For the six month period ended

For the three-month period ended

29.1 Movement in deferred tax balances

30 September 2024

RoU assets and lease liability under IFRS 16 Net deferred tax (assets)/liabilities Provision for leave encashment Property, plant and equipment Unrealized forex loss

31 March 2024

Net deferred tax (assets)/liabilities Provision for leave encashment RoU assets- Impact of IFRS 16 Property, plant and equipment Unrealized forex loss

		=			
32.078.657	(100,900,407)	(68,821,750)	٠	(56,334,759)	12,486,990)
	(70,219,829)	(70,219,829)		(70,219,829)	
32,078,657	78	32,078,657	×	(1,492,156)	33,570,813
·	(6,487,805)	(6,487,805)	0	440,058	(6,927,864)
:•	(24,192,773)	(24,192,773)	٠	14,937,166	(39,129,939)
BDT	BDT	BDT	BDT	BDT	BDT
Deferred tax liabilities	Deferred tax assets	Net balance as at 31 March 2024	Recognised in OCI	Recognised in profit /loss	Net balance at 01 April 2023
March 2024	Balance as at 31 March 2024	,			9
36,967,897	(120,192,024)	(83,224,127)	1	(14,402,378)	(68,821,750)
	(84,668,132)	(84,668,132)	•	(14,448,303)	70,219,829)
36,967,897	1 ■	36,967,897		4,889,240	32,078,657
·	(7,665,762)	(7,665,762)	•	(1,177,957)	(6,487,805)
Ĭi	(27,858,130)	(27,858,130)	•	(3,665,357)	(24,192,773)
BDT	BDT	BDT	BDT	BDT	BDT
Deferred tax Iiabilities	Deferred tax assets	Net balance as at 30 September 2024	Recognised in OCI	Recognised in profit /loss	Net balance at 01 April 2024
September 2024	Balance as at 30 September 2024	200			

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

30. Related party transactions

30.1 Parent and ultimate controlling party

Marico Limited, India has 90% shareholding of the Company. As a result, the parent of the Company is Marico Limited, India. The ultimate controlling party of the Company is Marico Limited, India.

30.2 Transactions with key management personnel

For the six-month per	iod ended	For the three mon 30 September	th period ende 30 Septemb
30 September 2024	So September 4043	2024	2023
BDT	BDT	BDT	BDT
19.495.579	15.471.298	13.698.457	11.826.74
19,495,579	15.471.298	13,698,457	11.826.74

Compensation for the Company's key management personnel includes salaries & meeting fees. These expenses are included in administrative expenses.

30.3 Other related party transactions

Directors' remuneration and fees

During the year the Company carried out a number of transactions with related parties in the normal course of business and on an arm's length basis. The name of related parties, nature of transactions, their total value and closing balance have been set out in accordance with the provisions of IAS 24 Related party disclosure.

30.3.1 Transactions with parent company

Name of the related parties	Relationship	Nature of transaction	Transaction	Balance as at	Balance as at
			amount	30 September 2024	31 March 2024
		8	BDT	BDT	BDT
		Purchase of RM and PM	16,092,367	16,054,226	14,489,362
	•	Purchase of Asset (Mould)	•	162,516	162,516
		Royalty	80,554,938	72,499,444	125,230,371
Marico Limited, India	Parent company	Dividend	1	1	
		General and technical assistance fees	59,336,400	59,336,400	438,518,580
		Sales of PM	990,156	217,123	1,219,052
		Other receivables	1,449,928	3,115,973	2.325,557

30.3.2 Transactions with other related parties

Name of the related parties	Relationshin	Nature of transaction	Transaction	Balance as at	Balance as at
	4	itatule of transaction	amount	30 September 2024	31 March 2024
		The second secon	BDT	BDT	BDT
	0	Purchase of RM	1,089,159,734	628,716,307	909,947,656
Marico Middle East FZE	Associated company	Sale of FG	21,605,566		348,537
		Other receivables	523,392	928.852	247.096
Marico South East Asia	Associated company	Sales of PM	11,023,755	•	•
	fundamon nomina	Other receivables			130 127
Marico for Consumer Care Products SAE (Erstwhile	Associated company	Sale of PM	1,073,418	1,073,418	•
Wind Co)	fd	Other receivables		651.413	651 413
ZED Lifestyle Pvt Ltd	Associated company	Purchase of FG	294,068		

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

31. Disclosures as per BSEC notification no. BSEC/CMRRCD/2006-158/208/Admin/81 dated 20 June 2018

		As a	t
		30 September 2024	31 March 2024
		BDT	BDT
31.1	Calculation of net asset value per share		····
	Net asset	7,621,191,263	8,210,067,522
	Number of shares	31,500,000	31,500,000
	Net asset value (NAV) per share	241.94	260.64

^{*} Net assets value per share deccreased due to lower retained earning in Q2 FY25 (due to divident payout).

31.2	Calculation of net operating cash flow per share (NOCFPS)	For the six mor	nth period ended
		30 September 2024	30 September 2023
	Net cash from operating activities	830,323,218	3,004,055,359
	No. of shares	31,500,000	31,500,000
	Net operating cash flow per share (NOCFPS)	26.36	95.37

^{*} Net operating cash flow decreased due to higher payment to supplier in Q2 FY25.

31.3 Reconciliation of net profit with cash flows from operating activities

	For the six mon	th period ended
•	30 September 2024	30 September 2023
	BDT	BDT
Profit after tax	3,191,123,741	2,497,691,496
Adjustment for:		
Depreciation	138,029,984	128,187,436
Amortisation	25,357	230,107
Interest expense	54,273,762	52,973,177
Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash held	(245,150)	(1,182,125)
Interest on staff loan	423,085	142,759
Interest on lease	9,221,454	9,596,292
Interest income	(431,694,953)	(218,776,590)
Loss/(Gain) on sale of PPE	121,592	(3,518,100)
Tax expense	911,073,904	702,642,857
	3,872,352,776	3,167,987,311
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Inventories	529,729,416	(501,061,166)
Advances, deposits and prepayments	(337,535,724)	268,803,146
Other financial assets	(13,938,415)	(32,636,401)
Employee benefit obligation	15,245,010	13,526,027
Trade and other payable	(3,050,207,270)	647,535,451
Cash generated from operating activities	1,015,645,796	3,564,154,370
Interest paid	(54,273,762)	(52,973,177)
Interest received	483,010,853	153,765,128
Income tax paid	(614,059,669)	(660,890,963)
Net cash flows from operating activities	830,323,218	3,004,055,359

^{*} Net operating cash flow decreased due to higher payment to supplier in Q2 FY25.



^{*} Effect of the movement in exchange rate changes on Cash and Cash Equivalents has been incorporated and the comparative amount has also been updated accordingly in line with IAS 7.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

32. Contingent liabilities

The Company has contingent liability of BDT 1,077,100,000 as on 30 September 2024 in respect of indirect tax (VAT) and workers' profit participation & welfare fund. These are being vigorously defended by the Company. The management does not consider that it is appropriate to make provision in respect of any of these claims.

The Company has ordinary letter of credit amount of Taka 128,454,073.03, Taka 56,911,724.96, Taka 488,494,542.00, Taka 49,585,441.00 and Taka 23,760,192.00 with Standard Chartered Bank, Commercial Bank of Ceylon, BRAC Bank PLC, Mutual Trust Bank PLC and Dhaka Bank PLC respectively. Shipping guarantee of Taka 3,716,340.38 with Standard Chartered Bank.

33. Capital management

For the purpose of the company's capital management, capital includes issued capital, share premium and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the Company. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business.

To maintain or adjust capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividend, return on capital, issue new share or obtain long term-debt. All major investment and financing decisions, as a part of its capital management, are evaluated and approved by its Board of Directors.

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the period ended 30 September 2024.

34. Segment information

The Company essentially provides similar products to customers across the country. Business activities in which it engages and the economic environments in which it operates are of similar nature. Its business is not segmented by products or geographical areas and its operating result is viewed as a whole by its management. Hence, segment information is not relevant for the Company.

35. Subsequent events

The Board of Directors of Marico Bangladesh Limited at its 130th meeting held on 26th October 2024 have declared 450% interim cash dividend i.e. BDT 45 per share, amount to total BDT 1,417,500,000 for the period ended 30 September 2024.

36 Financial instruments - fair values and financial risk management

36.1 Accounting classifications and fair values

The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities. It does not include fair value information for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value.

30 September 2024

					Carrying amount			
Particulars	Note	Fair value hedging instruments	Mandatorily at fair value	FVOCI-debt instruments	FVOCI-equity instruments	Financial assets at amortized cost	Other financial liabilities	Total
		BDT	BDT	BDT	BDT	BDT	BDT	BDT
Financial assets measured at fair value				345	13			
			*	а	*	74	300	
Financial assets not measured at fair value		٠						
Treasury Bills	12.2	ж	(4)	i)	r	5,594,160,909		5,594,160,909
Loan to employees	12		*		91	10,334,829	Ď	10,334,829
Trade receivables	12	(I a (I		•	*	52,864,390	*	52,864,390
Cash and cash equivalents	14	3		10		1,467,223,508	ě	1,467,223,508
		ı	I.	t		7,124,583,636		7,124,583,636
Financial liabilities measured at fair value		•	*	•		*		٠
		•	3	1	ı			
Financial liabilities not measured at fair value								
Trade and other payables	18	*	,	,)1	•	4.092,093,457	4.092.093.457
Lease liabilities	17	3420	142	*	•		204,986,035	204,986,035
		•	1	3	(1 0		4,297,079,492	4,297,079,492

36

36 Financial instruments - fair values and financial risk management (continued)

36.1 Accounting classifications and fair values (continued)

31 March 2024

Particulars Particulars Note Fair value Instruments I		-				Carrying amount			
BDT BDT BDT BDT BDT BDT	Particulars	Note	Fair value hedging instruments	Mandatorily at fair value	FVOCI-debt instruments	FVOCI-equity instruments	Financial assets at amortized cost	Other financial liabilities	Total
12.2 8,665,999,170 8 11,060,481 12 12 13,200,323 14 14 17,887,129,573 1.1			BDT	BDT	BDT	BDT	BDT	BDT	BDT
12.2 8,665,999,170 8 11,060,481 1 12 11,060,481 1 12 1 1,060,481 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	inancial assets measured at fair value					4			518
12.2 8,665,999,170 8		(2.1	я	1	æ	c		16 0	•
12.2	inancial assets not measured at fair value								
2	reasury Bills	12.2		•	× v	3	8,665,999,170		8,665,999,17
2	oan to employees	12	310	er S	•	a ar	11,060,481		11,060,48
14	rade receivables	12		•	:	34 35	38,200,323	•	38,200,32
10,602,389,548	ash and cash equivalents	14	μα	c	•	٠	1,887,129,573	*	1,887,129,57
llue 18 18 17 18 17 1808,942,436 7,808,942,436 7,808,942,436 7,808,942,436			3	3	1	1	10,602,389,548		10,602,389,54
ities not measured at fair value 450,000,000 7,168,202,840 7, 199,739,596 7, 190,739,596 7, 1,808,942,436 7, 1,808,942,100,100,100,100,100,100,100,100,100,10	inancial liabilities measured at fair value		,	1	4			•	•
ities not measured at fair value - 450,000,000 - 450,000,000 7, 82,002,840 7, 82,003,8			3.00	•	ı		t		
wings 450,000,000 7, 82,02,840 7, 168,202,840 7, 190,739,596 7, 190,739,590 7, 190,739,590 7, 190,739,590 7, 190,739,590 7, 190,739,590 7	inancial liabilities not measured at fair value								
payables 18 7,168,202,840 7, 17 190,739,596 18 190,739,596 19 7,808,942,436 7,	oans and borrowings		it.	•		r	•	450,000,000	450,000,00
	rade and other payables	18	10	r	r			7,168,202,840	7,168,202,84
	ease liabilities	17	•	ia .		*	E (190,739,596	190,739,596
				1	•	•		7,808,942,436	7,808,942,436

36.2 Financial risk management

The Company management has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. Risk management policies, procedures and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities. The Company has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

- Credit risk
- Liquidity risk
 - Market risk

36.2.1 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss if a customer or counterpart to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligation which arises principally from the Company's receivables from customers.

The Company makes sales on advance basis i.e. it receives advance from customers prior to sale, so there is no credit risk due to uncollectibility from the customers. However, the Company maintains most of the financial assets with short-term deposits and cash and cash equivalents.

31 March 2024

30 September

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date was:

	Note 50.5	J September 2024	30 September 31 March 2024 2024
		BDT .	BDT
	12.2 5,	5,594,160,909	8,665,999,170
Loans to employees		10,334,829	11,060,481
rade receivables	12	52,864,390	38,200,323
Cash and cash equivalents	14	1,467,223,508	1,887,129,573
	7.	7,124,583,636	10,602,389,548

36.2 Financial risk management (continued)

36.2.2 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company may encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or other financial assets.

The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation.

The contractual maturities of financial liabilities of the Company are as follows:

								CATALOR SHOW AND THE	
	Note	Carrying amount	Note Carrying amount Expected cash flow 6 months or less	6 months or less	6-12 months	1-2 years	2-5 years	More than 5 years	
		BDT	BDT	BDT	BDT	BDT	BDT	BDT	
30 September 2024									
Frade and other payables	18	4,092,093,457	4,092,093,457	4,092,093,457		a		*	
Lease liabilities	17	204,986,035	204,986,034	24,833,604	34,990,947	54,977,687	90,183,797	IN.	
		4,297,079,491	4,297,079,491	4,116,927,061	34,990,947	54,977,687	90,183,797		
31 March 2024					- G2 1				
Trade and other payables	18	7,168,202,840	7,168,202,840	7,168,202,840	ĸ		ĸ	III	
Lease liabilities	17	190,739,596	190,739,595	24,833,604	14,037,583	42,307,690	109,560,719	:	
		7,358,942,435	7,358,942,435	7,193,036,444	14,037,583	42,307,690	109,560,719		

36.2.2 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that includes changes in market price, such as foreign exchange rate, interest rates, and equity prices that may affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return.

i) Currency risk

The Company's exposures to foreign currency risk at 30 September 24 are as follows:

The following significant exchange rates have been applied during the period:

24,		孟
spot rate	31 March 2024	110.00
Period end spot rate	30 September 2024	120.00
rate	31 March 2024	108.91
Average rate	30 September 2024	116.22
	s	
		Exchange rate (USD/BDT)

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

ii) Foreign exchange rate sensitivity analysis

The basis for the sensitivity analysis to measure foreign exchange risk is an aggregate corporate-level currency exposure. The aggregate foreign exchange exposure is composed of all assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies. A 1% change in foreign exchange rates would have increased/(decreased) equity and profits or loss by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular interest rates

			(000)		Carrier S
	Strengt	Strengthening	Weakening	Strengthening	Weakening
	18	BDT	BDT	BDT	BDT
30 September 2024					
JSD (1% movement)	2)	(7,697,036)	7,697,036	(7,697,036)	7,697,036
31 March 2024					
USD (1% movement)	(23	(23,230,205)	23.230.205	(23.230.205)	23.230.205

iii) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that arises due to changes in interest rates. The Company is not exposed to fluctuations in interest rates as it has no floating interest rate bearing financial liability as at the reporting date. The Company has not entered into any agreement involving derivative instrument at the reporting date.

30 September

Notes

As at 30 September 2024, the interest rate profile of the Company's interest bearing financial instruments was:

	1	2024	31 March 2024
Fixed rate instruments		BDT	BDT
Treasury Bills	12.2	5,594,160,909	8,665,999,170
Variable rate instruments			
Financial assets		91	11
Financial liabilities	77		

END OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS